## Exhibit A <br> The Quarry: Legal Description

All that certain real property situate within a portion of Section 9, Township 20 North, Range 20 East, Mount Diablo Meridian, County of Washoe, State of Nevada, described as follows:

Parcel 2 as shown on the Record of Survey to support a Boundary Line Adjustment (RS3818) filed within the Official Records of Washoe County, Nevada on June 30, 2000 as File No. 2460839 and being more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the Northeast corner of Section 9;
South $05^{\circ} 43^{\prime} 28^{\prime \prime}$ West, 2702.52 feet to the East one- quarter ( $E 1 / 4$ ) corner of Section 9; Continuing along the Easterly line of Section 9, South 0057'17" West, 1318.51 feet to the Northerly line of the Southeast one-quarter (SE $1 / 4$ ) of Section 9; Thence along the Northerly line of the Southeast one-quarter (SE $1 / 4$ ) of Section 9, North $89^{\circ} 02^{\prime} 15^{\prime \prime}$ West, 189.31 feet to the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway; Leaving the Northerly line of the Southeast one-quarter (SE $1 / 4$ ) of Section 9, along the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, along the arc of a non-tangent curve to the left, from a tangent which bears North $29^{\circ} 56^{\prime} 39^{\prime \prime}$ West, having a length of 815.03 feet and a radius of 530.00 feet, through a central angle of $88^{\circ} 06^{\prime} 31^{\prime \prime}$; Continuing along the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, South 6156'50" West, 126.45 feet; Continuing along the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, along the arc of a curve to the right, having a length of 90.68 feet and a radius of 570.00 feet, through a central angle of $09^{\circ} 06^{\prime} 56^{\prime \prime}$; Continuing along the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, South $71^{\circ} 03^{\prime} 46^{\prime \prime}$ West, 254.89 feet; Continuing along the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, along the arc of a curve to the left, having a length of 279.50 feet and a radius of 630.00 feet, through a central angle of $25^{\circ} 25^{\prime} 09^{\prime \prime}$; Continuing along the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, South 45³8'37" West, 300.00 feet; Continuing along the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, along the arc of a curve to the right, having a length of 453.78 feet and a radius of 570.00 feet, through a central angle of $45^{\circ} 36^{\prime} 50^{\prime \prime}$; Continuing along the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, North $88^{\circ} 44^{\prime} 33^{\prime \prime}$ West, 300.00 feet; Continuing along the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, along the arc of a curve to the left, having a length of 204.69 feet and a radius of 630.00 feet, through a central angle of $18^{\circ} 36^{\prime} 55^{\prime \prime}$, to the North-South centerline of Section 9; Leaving the Northerly right-of-way of Highland Ranch Parkway, along the North-South centerline of Section 9, North $03^{\circ} 39^{\prime} 56^{\prime \prime}$ East, 1859.59 feet to the center of Section 9; Thence along the East-West centerline of Section 9, North $89^{\circ} 25^{\prime} 32^{\prime \prime}$ West, 2683.82 feet to the West one-quarter (1/4) of Section 9; Thence along the West line of Section 9, North 03¹8'58" East, 2211.00 feet to the Northwest corner of Section 9; Thence along the North line of Section 9, North $85^{\circ} 28^{\prime} 37^{\prime \prime}$ East, 2721.15 feet to the North one-quarter ( $\mathrm{N} 1 / 4$ ) corner of Section 9; Continuing along the North line of Section 9, North 85 ${ }^{\circ} 29^{\prime}$ O7" East, 2720.96 feet to the Northeast corner of Section 9 and theopint Bef Beginning.

Containing 386.87 acres, more or less.



# The Quarry Fiscal Impact Analysis 

$$
\text { December } 2017
$$

Prepared by:
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# THE QUARRY <br> Fiscal Impact Analysis 

## DECEMBER 2017

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Ekay Economic Consultants, Inc. (EEC) of Reno, Nevada was retained to conduct a fiscal impact analysis of the proposed The Quarry project on the City of Sparks. The project is currently located in Washoe County, with the developer proposing to annex the project to the City of Sparks. The analysis assumes the annexation is successful, with the project generating revenue for and receiving services from the City.

The project includes 386.9 acres of land, of which approximately 196.5 acres are expected to be dedicated to residential uses, 13.0 acres to commercial uses, and 177.4 acres to open space and roadways. The project will include 1,223 single-family residential units and 141,570 square feet of general commercial space built over a six-year period. The following are the findings of the analysis:

## General Fund

- The project is estimated to generate $\$ 47.3$ million in revenue for the City of Sparks General Fund over the 20-year analysis period (2018-2037). This includes $\$ 32.9$ million in real property tax revenue, $\$ 2.1$ million in sales tax revenue, and other revenue sources.
- The project is estimated to generate $\$ 33.0$ million in City of Sparks General Fund expenditures over the 20-year analysis period. This includes all General Fund expenditure sources (police, fire, judicial, etc.), as well as a $3 \%$ contingency amount.
- The project is estimated to have a cumulative positive impact (revenue surplus) on the City of Sparks General Fund of $\$ 14.3$ million over the 20-year analysis period.


## Street/Road Fund

- The project is estimated to generate $\$ 3.3$ million in revenue for the City of Sparks Road Fund over the 20 -year analysis period. The fund receives revenue primarily from fuel taxes, as well as franchise fees.


## The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis

- The project is estimated to generate $\$ 14.9$ million in expenditures for the City of Sparks Road Fund. This includes all maintenance and repair costs associated with streets added to the City by the project.
- The project is estimated to result in a deficit of $\$ 11.5$ million for the City of Sparks Road Fund over the 20 -year analysis period. The deficit is due to a disconnect between limited sources of revenue available for this fund and high costs associated with street maintenance and repair. This disconnect applies not only to this project, but to all new and existing streets within the City as the existing Road Fund revenue structure is insufficient to meet street maintenance costs.
- Despite this, the analysis indicates the project will generate sufficient General Fund surplus to cover the deficit in the Road Fund, resulting in a positive fiscal impact for the City of Sparks.


## Other Impacts

- In addition to General and Road Fund impacts, the project is estimated to generate $\$ 21.8$ million in various development-related fees.
- This includes $\$ 2.5$ million in building permit, $\$ 1.1$ million in plan review, $\$ 0.2$ million in current planning, $\$ 1.2$ million in fire inspection and plan review, $\$ 5.8$ million in region road impact, $\$ 1.2$ million in residential park tax, and $\$ 7.2$ million in sewer connection revenue.
- Additionally, the project will be located in the Impact Fee Service Area \#1 (IFSA1), generating $\$ 2.6$ million in revenue to be spent in the IFSA1, including $\$ 0.4$ million in sanitary sewer, $\$ 0.8$ million in flood control, $\$ 0.9$ million in regional park/recreation, and $\$ 0.5$ million in fire station revenue.


## Development Size

- The project's zoning allows for approximately 2,200 units, with the analysis assuming 1,223 units. An increase in the number of units in the project will increase the positive impact of the project on the City.
- For example, increasing the number of residential units to 1,750 , with no significant additional streets added to the City for maintenance, results in a surplus for the City of Sparks General Fund of $\$ 16.3$ million and Road Fund deficit of $\$ 10.2$ million over the 20-year analysis period.
- Development-related fee revenue would also increase with an increase in the number of units.


# The Quarry Fiscal Impact Analysis 

## DECEMBER 2017

Ekay Economic Consultants, Inc. (EEC) of Reno, Nevada was retained to conduct a fiscal impact analysis of the proposed The Quarry project on the City of Sparks. The project is currently located in Washoe County, with the developer proposing to annex the project to the City of Sparks. The analysis assumes the annexation is successful, with the project generating revenue for and receiving services from the City.

## DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION

The project includes 386.9 acres of land, of which approximately 196.5 acres are expected to be dedicated to residential uses, 13.0 acres to commercial uses, and 177.4 acres to open space and roadways. Project developers are projecting 1,223 single-family residential units built over a six-year period, divided between seven villages. Approximately 141,570 square feet of general commercial space will also be constructed during this period. This is summarized in Table 1.

Table 1. Project Summary
Building

|  | \# of Acres | \# of Units | Building <br> Square Feet |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Village 1 | 9.9 | 89 | 169,100 |
| Village 2 | 12.2 | 110 | 220,000 |
| Village 3 | 25.7 | 180 | 414,000 |
| Village 4 | 28.0 | 197 | 453,100 |
| Village 5 | 73.0 | 406 | $1,015,000$ |
| Village 6 | 37.7 | 171 | 461,700 |
| Village 7 | 10.0 | 70 | 203,000 |
| General Commercial | 13.0 | - | 141,570 |
| Open Space | 177.4 | - | - |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 8 6 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 0 7 7 , 4 7 0}$ |

The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis

## METHODOLOGY

Buildout assumptions for the development provide the foundation on which the fiscal impact analysis is based. These assumptions are presented in Appendix 1 and represent information provided by the developer based on past experience and existing market data.

The buildout spans six years; the analysis includes a 20 -year period to show the longterm impact of the project (2018-2037). Appendix 1 shows annually the number of residential units and commercial square feet constructed; land and improvement taxable values; and construction materials costs. It should be noted that information in Appendix 1 is based on the best information available to the developer as of the date of the report and may change as the project moves through the approval process and begins development. This fiscal impact analysis may be revised if such changes occur.

Buildout assumptions shown in Appendix 1 are used to estimate revenue and costs generated by the development for the City of Sparks. Appendices at the end of this report present revenue and cost projections on an annual basis over the analysis period. Assumptions used in developing these estimates are presented at the end of each appendix. Those appendices are:

Appendix 1: Buildout Assumptions
Appendix 2: City of Sparks Estimated Number of Residents and Employees
Appendix 3: City of Sparks Estimated Real Property Tax Revenue
Appendix 4: City of Sparks Estimated Sales Tax Revenue
Appendix 5: City of Sparks Estimated Permit and Impact Fee Revenue
Appendix 6: City of Sparks Comparison of Estimated Revenue to Estimated Costs
Appendix 7: City of Sparks Police Department Cost Projections
Appendix 8: City of Sparks Fire Department Cost Projections
Appendix 9: City of Sparks Street Maintenance Cost Projections
The following important assumptions were made in this analysis:

## Methodology

The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis

1. The analysis estimates 3,293 new residents to the area generated by the project's residential units at full buildout. Due to low single-family home vacancy rates in the Reno-Sparks area, all residents of the project are estimated to be new residents of the City of Sparks, whether due to development residents moving to Sparks from outside the City or moving from existing Sparks homes, as these homes are expected to become occupied by new residents to the area.

The project estimates the project's commercial uses will provide space for 169 employees. The fiscal impact analysis estimates costs and revenues associated with the development using estimated number of new development residents only. The analysis assumes employees of the development will be existing residents of the region, residents of other regions, or residents of the development.
2. The fiscal impact analysis for the City of Sparks includes all revenue and expenditure sources for the General and Road Funds. This is because the General Fund is expected to provide the majority of services to the project and receive the majority of its revenue. The Road Fund analysis is included, as the project will add new streets to the City of Sparks inventory, resulting in new costs for the City.

The Development Services Fund is omitted even though it will collect permit/fee revenue and will provide building inspection services to the development. Revenue and costs for this fund, and other similar funds, are accounted for in an Enterprise or Proprietary Funds which are required to break-even, minimizing any fiscal impact on the City. However, various building permit, plan review and impact fee revenue is estimated in Appendix 5 to show the impact of project construction on these revenue sources.
3. Property tax revenue estimated in this analysis includes real property only. The project, through its commercial uses, will generate personal property revenues for the City of Sparks. However, as the value of this property is unknown and difficult to estimate, the analysis is conservative in estimating real property tax revenue only.

The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis
4. Fiscal impact revenue and cost estimates are made using three methodologies. The main methodology (direct methodology) utilizes existing tax rates, service levels, national service standards and information from department representatives to estimate direct costs associated with the project. This methodology is used to estimate expenditures associated with law enforcement, fire, and street maintenance costs, as well as revenues from sales, property tax, and impact fee sources.

If detailed information required for this type of analysis is not available or the impact on the revenue or expenditure source is expected to be directly related to population changes, the ACM (average cost method) is used to estimate costs and revenues associated with the project. This method uses per capita revenue and expenditure amounts applied to the estimated residential population of the project.

Indirect administrative costs, such as costs associated with providing services (human resources, finance, legal, etc.) to the direct service departments are estimated as percent of additional direct services (law enforcement, fire, etc.), the third methodology used in the analysis. Appendix 6 provides detailed assumptions and calculations for each of the three methods.
5. Costs and revenues estimated using the direct method are founded on methodology developed based on conversations with local government representatives. Costs associated with City of Sparks Fire, Police, and Community Services Departments are estimated using information provided by department representatives for this and/or past projects.
6. It is our understanding, based on similar projects in the area, that the closest fire station to the Project is one operated by the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District (TMFPD) and the closest City of Sparks station may be outside of the desirable response drive time to the Project. There are two City of Sparks fire stations in some proximity to the Project. Station 4-1450 Disc Drive is located an approximately 7 minute drive away from the Project, according to Google Maps, and Station 5-6490 Vista Boulevard, 11 minutes. For the TMFPD, both Station 17-500 Rockwell Boulevard

## Methodology

The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis
and Station 15-110 Quartz Lane are located approximately 5 minutes away from the proposed Project.

There is an existing collaboration between the two fire districts, providing services to each other's jurisdictions. Additionally, the area surrounding the proposed development was once planned for a large residential and commercial development, Kiley Ranch, with a proposed fire station. While some portions of Kiley ranch development plan have been withdrawn, the area continues to grow and will require a fire station to accommodate this growth. The Impact Fee Service Area \#1 (IFSA1) collects impact fees from developments in this area; one of the fees is for the purposes of constructing a fire station. The project will contribute an estimated $\$ 0.5$ million in revenue for the IFSA1 fire station.
7. Police costs are estimated using a national staffing ratio of 1.5 uniformed officers per 1,000 population and calls for service for similar commercial projects, as provided by the Sparks Police Department. Non-uniformed positions are also estimated, as well as vehicle costs associated with uniformed positions for the project.
8. Information for the ACM and the indirect cost analyses was obtained from the fiscal year (FY) 2017-18 budget documents for City of Sparks. FY 2016-17 is used as the base year for the analysis, as this is the latest year for which non-budgeted, actual data is available.
9. Additional information for revenue and cost estimate methodology, sources of data, calculations, and findings is provided in the appendices attached to this report.

## FINDINGS

The findings of the fiscal impact analysis are presented below with summaries for estimated revenue and costs for each fund.

Table 2 below summarizes the estimated impact of the project on the City of Sparks General Fund over the 20-year analysis period. Detailed information on City of Sparks revenues and costs by line item, by year, as well as methodology for estimating these

## Findings

The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis
costs and revenues is found in Appendix 6. The table shows the project is estimated to result in a revenue surplus for the City of Sparks General Fund in the amount of \$14.3 million over the 20-year analysis period.

Table 2. Summary of Estimated City of Sparks General Fund Impacts, 20-Year Total

| Estimated Revenue |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Taxes | $\$$ | $32,854,535$ |
| Licenses and Permits |  | $8,704,989$ |
| Intergovernmental |  | $5,209,018$ |
| Charges for Services |  | - |
| Fines and Forfeits |  | 508,697 |
| Miscellaneous | - |  |
| TOTAL |  | $\$$ |
| Estimated Expenditures |  |  |


| General Government | $\$$ | $6,408,807$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Judicial |  | $1,743,659$ |
| Public Safety |  | $20,804,207$ |
| Public Works |  | 589,672 |
| Culture \& Recreation |  | $2,367,374$ |
| Community Support | 141,033 |  |
| Contingency | 961,643 |  |
| TOTAL | $\$$ | $\mathbf{3 3 , 0 1 6 , 3 9 6}$ |
| Estimated Revenue Suprlus/(Deficit) |  |  |
| Revenue Surplus/(Deficit) |  | $\$$ |

Table 3 shows the estimated impact of the project on the City of Sparks General Fund over the analysis period (2018-2037), by year. The table shows all years of the analysis show a positive fiscal impact on the City's General Fund.

Table 4 shows the 20-year estimated impact of the project on the Road Fund. Detailed information for these cost and revenue calculations can also be found in Appendix 6. The table shows the project is estimated to result in a revenue deficit for the City of Sparks Road Fund in the amount of $\$ 11.5$ million over the analysis period.

## Findings

The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis
Table 3. Summary of Estimated City of Sparks General Fund Impacts, by Year Annual Cumulative

| Year | Total Project Revenue |  | Total Project Costs | Revenue Surplus |  | Revenue Surplus |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | \$ | 54,948 | \$ | \$ | 54,948 | \$ | 54,948 |
| 2019 |  | 214,704 | 127,082 |  | 87,622 |  | 142,570 |
| 2020 |  | 657,964 | 471,101 |  | 186,863 |  | 329,433 |
| 2021 |  | 1,116,366 | 770,640 |  | 345,726 |  | 675,159 |
| 2022 |  | 1,599,636 | 1,080,582 |  | 519,054 |  | 1,194,213 |
| 2023 |  | 2,069,269 | 1,428,133 |  | 641,136 |  | 1,835,349 |
| 2024 |  | 2,432,609 | 1,714,223 |  | 718,386 |  | 2,553,735 |
| 2025 |  | 2,505,588 | 1,764,183 |  | 741,404 |  | 3,295,139 |
| 2026 |  | 2,580,755 | 1,815,642 |  | 765,114 |  | 4,060,253 |
| 2027 |  | 2,658,178 | 1,868,644 |  | 789,534 |  | 4,849,787 |
| 2028 |  | 2,737,923 | 1,923,236 |  | 814,687 |  | 5,664,474 |
| 2029 |  | 2,820,061 | 1,979,466 |  | 840,595 |  | 6,505,069 |
| 2030 |  | 2,904,663 | 2,037,383 |  | 867,279 |  | 7,372,348 |
| 2031 |  | 2,991,803 | 2,097,038 |  | 894,765 |  | 8,267,113 |
| 2032 |  | 3,081,557 | 2,158,482 |  | 923,075 |  | 9,190,188 |
| 2033 |  | 3,174,003 | 2,221,770 |  | 952,234 |  | 10,142,422 |
| 2034 |  | 3,269,224 | 2,286,956 |  | 982,268 |  | 11,124,690 |
| 2035 |  | 3,367,300 | 2,354,097 |  | 1,013,203 |  | 12,137,893 |
| 2036 |  | 3,468,319 | 2,423,253 |  | 1,045,066 |  | 13,182,959 |
| 2037 |  | 3,572,369 | 2,494,484 |  | 1,077,885 |  | 14,260,844 |
| Total | \$ | 7,277,239 | \$ 33,016,396 | \$ | 4,260,844 |  |  |

Table 4. Summary of Estimated City of Sparks Road Fund Impacts, 20-Year Total

| Estimated Revenue |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Licenses and Permits | $\$$ | $1,321,680$ |
| Intergovernmental |  | $2,018,872$ |
| Miscellaneous | - |  |
| Total Revenue | $\$$ | $\mathbf{3 , 3 4 0 , 5 5 1}$ |
| Estimated Expenditures |  |  |
| Expenditures |  |  |
| Contingency |  |  |
| Cumulative Surplus/(Deficit) |  |  |
| Surplus/(Deficit) | $\$ 14,861,610$ |  |

## Findings

## The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis

Table 5 shows the estimated impact of the project on the City of Sparks Road Fund over the analysis period (2018-2037), by year. It should be noted that major road maintenance costs will occur $5-10$-, 15 -, and 20 -years after road construction and dedication. These costs are annualized in the analysis and shown in the table below. However, these costs will not actually occur annually, but rather in five-year increments, with the largest expenditure occurring starting 20 years after initial road construction and dedication.

Table 5. Summary of Estimated City of Sparks Road Fund Impacts, by Year

| Year | Total Project Revenue | Total Project Costs |  | Cumulative <br> Revenue Surplus |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2019 | - | 522 | (522) | (522) |
| 2020 | 31,718 | 819,813 | $(788,094)$ | $(788,616)$ |
| 2021 | 65,076 | 820,247 | $(755,171)$ | $(1,543,787)$ |
| 2022 | 98,507 | 821,873 | $(723,366)$ | $(2,267,154)$ |
| 2023 | 137,239 | 824,087 | $(686,848)$ | $(2,954,002)$ |
| 2024 | 176,048 | 825,709 | $(649,661)$ | $(3,603,663)$ |
| 2025 | 181,329 | 825,862 | $(644,533)$ | $(4,248,196)$ |
| 2026 | 186,769 | 826,019 | $(639,250)$ | $(4,887,446)$ |
| 2027 | 192,372 | 826,179 | $(633,806)$ | $(5,521,252)$ |
| 2028 | 198,143 | 826,341 | $(628,198)$ | $(6,149,450)$ |
| 2029 | 204,088 | 826,507 | $(622,420)$ | $(6,771,870)$ |
| 2030 | 210,210 | 826,677 | $(616,466)$ | $(7,388,336)$ |
| 2031 | 216,517 | 826,850 | $(610,333)$ | $(7,998,669)$ |
| 2032 | 223,012 | 827,026 | $(604,014)$ | $(8,602,683)$ |
| 2033 | 229,703 | 827,206 | $(597,503)$ | $(9,200,185)$ |
| 2034 | 236,594 | 827,389 | $(590,795)$ | $(9,790,981)$ |
| 2035 | 243,691 | 827,576 | $(583,884)$ | $(10,374,865)$ |
| 2036 | 251,002 | 827,767 | $(576,764)$ | $(10,951,630)$ |
| 2037 | 258,532 | 827,961 | $(569,429)$ | $(11,521,059)$ |
| Total | \$ 3,340,551 | \$ 14,861,610 | $(11,521,059)$ |  |

Table 5 shows a revenue deficit generated by the project for the City of Sparks Road Fund. One of the Fund's revenue sources, franchise fees, was reduced in FY 2017-18, resulting in

## Findings

The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis
lower revenues for the Fund. With this reduction and the major source of revenue for the Fund, fuel taxes, insufficient to cover road maintenance costs for the City, alternative revenue sources for the Fund are needed and may include transfers from the General Fund until the funding issue is resolved. This disconnect between Road Fund costs and revenues applies not only to this project, but to all new and existing streets within the City as the existing Road Fund revenue structure is insufficient to meet street maintenance costs.

Overall, the 20-year surplus shown to be generated by the project for the City of Sparks General Fund is sufficient to cover the negative surplus estimated for the Road Fund, resulting in a net positive impact on the City of Sparks.

In addition to General and Road Fund impacts, the project is estimated to generate $\$ 21.8$ million in various development-related fees. This includes $\$ 2.5$ million in building permit, $\$ 1.1$ million in plan review, $\$ 0.2$ million in current planning, $\$ 1.2$ million in fire inspection and plan review, $\$ 5.8$ million in region road impact, $\$ 1.2$ million in residential park tax, and $\$ 7.2$ million in sewer connection revenue. Additionally, the project will be located in the Impact Fee Service Area \#1 (IFSA1), generating $\$ 2.6$ million in revenue to be spent in IFSA1, including $\$ 0.4$ million in sanitary sewer, $\$ 0.8$ million in flood control, $\$ 0.9$ million in regional park/recreation, and $\$ 0.5$ million in fire station revenue.

Finally, the project's zoning allows for approximately 2,200 units, with the analysis assuming 1,223 units. An increase in the number of units in the project will increase the positive impact of the project on the City. For example, increasing the number of residential units to 1,750, with no significant additional streets added to the City for maintenance, results in a surplus for the City of Sparks General Fund of $\$ 16.3$ million and Road Fund deficit of $\$ 10.2$ million over the 20-year analysis period. Development-related fee revenue would also increase with an increase in the number of units.

## Limiting Conditions \& Disclosures

The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis

## LIMITING CONDITIONS \& DISCLOSURES

In the preparation of this report, EEC asserts:

- The report is to be used in its entirety, and no part is to be used without the whole.
- In preparing this report, EEC relied on information provided by other individuals or found in previously existing records and/or documents. This information is assumed to be reliable. However, no warranty, either expressed or implied, is given by EEC for the accuracy of such information and EEC assumes no responsibility for information relied upon later found to have been inaccurate.
- EEC may amend this report in the event additional documents and/or other material discovered subsequent to the submission of this report and pertinent to the report and/or the conclusions contained herein are made available.
- EEC assumes no responsibility for economic, physical, or demographic factors, which may affect or alter the opinions of this report if said economic, physical or demographic factors were not present or known as of the date of this report.
- Possession of this report, or a copy of this report, does not carry with it the right of publication. Without the consent of EEC, this report may not be used for any purpose by any person other than the party for whom this report was prepared.

The Quarry- Fiscal Impact Analysis

## APPENDICES



| APPENDIX 1BHILDOUT ASSUMPTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { USE } \\ \text { TYPE } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SQUARE } \\ & \text { FEET } \\ & \text { BUILT } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | ADDED <br> LAND <br> VALUE |  | DED <br> VEMENTS <br> LUE |  | CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS COST |
| TOTAL |  | 3,077 |  | 1,223 | \$ | 80,876,963 | S | 380,221,717 | S | 190,110,858 |

## APPENDIX 1, ASSUMPTIONS:

1. The following land and building costs represent the Developer's best estimate in 2017. Analysis adds land value in the year before construction and improvement value in the year of construction.
a) Residential:

|  | \# of Acres | \# of Units | Total <br> Square Feet |  | Projected Sales Price/Unit |  | Land Valuel Unit |  | Value/ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Village 1 | 9.90 | 89 | 169,100 | \$ | 299,000 | \$ | 44,850 | \$ | 209,300 |
| Village 2 | 12.20 | 110 | 220,000 |  | 299,000 |  | 44,850 |  | 209,300 |
| Village 3 | 25.70 | 180 | 414,000 |  | 399,000 |  | 59,850 |  | 279,300 |
| Village 4 | 28.00 | 197 | 453,100 |  | 399,000 |  | 59,850 |  | 279,300 |
| Village 5 | 73.00 | 406 | 1,015,000 |  | 450,000 |  | 67,500 |  | 315,000 |
| Village 6 | 37.70 | 171 | 461,700 |  | 499,000 |  | 74,850 |  | 349,300 |
| Village 7 | 10.00 | 70 | 203,000 |  | 575,000 |  | 86,250 |  | 402,500 |
|  | 196.50 | 1,223 | 2,935,900 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Source: Number of acres, units, square footage, and projected sales price from Developer. Land and improvement value based on values for homes sold at similar prices in City of Sparks in 2016 and 2017. Source: Washoe County Assessor's website.
b) Commercial:

|  | \# of Acres | Total Square Feet |  | Improvements Cost/Sq. Ft. |  | Land Value/ Acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Comm. | 13.0 | 141,570 | \$ | 123.5 | \$ | 158,881 |

Source: Number of acres and square footage from Developer. Land and improvement value from comparable uses (LU400) around the project. Source: Washoe County Assessor's website.
c) Open Space:
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Open Space, estimated at } \quad 177.4 & \text { acres is expected to be valued using value per acre of } & \mathbf{6 , 0 9 5}\end{array}$
for similar uses (LU 100) surrounding the project. Source: Washoe County Assessor's Office.
Existing value of the project cannot be used as it is valued as a quarry.
2. Construction Materials Cost is estimated at $50 \%$ of Building Cost. Source: Discussions with contractors.

| ATPENDDX 2CITY OF SPARKSESTIMATED NEMMER OF RESIDENTS AND EMM 1 OYEES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { USE } \\ & \text { TYPE } \end{aligned}$ | \# OF <br> UNITS BUILT | CUMUL. \# OF OCCUPIED UNITS | $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CUMUL. } \\ \text { NO. OF } \\ \text { RESIDENTS } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CUMUL. } \\ \text { NO. OF } \\ \text { EMPLOYEES } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% \text { OF } \\ \text { SPARKS } \\ \text { POPULATION } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 2018 | Village 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 4 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 5 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | . |  |  | 0.00\% |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
| Subtotal |  | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
| 2019 | Village 1 | 45 | - | 85,500 | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 2 | 55 | - | 110,000 | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 4 | 66 | - | 151,800 | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 5 | 82 | - | 205,000 | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | - | - | * | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | 87,120 | - | 104 | 0.00\% |
|  | Open Space |  |  |  |  | - | 0.00\% |
| Subtotal |  | 248 | - | 639,420 |  | 104 | 0.00\% |
| 2020 | Village 1 | 44 | 43 | 83,600 | 121 | - | 0.13\% |
|  | Village 2 | 55 | 53 | 110,000 | 148 | - | 0.16\% |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 4 | 66 | 64 | 151,800 | 178 | - | 0.19\% |
|  | Village 5 | 81 | 79 | 202,500 | 221 | - | 0.24\% |
|  | Village 6 | . | - | . | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | 54,450 | - | 169 | 0.00\% |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
| Subtotal |  | 246 | 239 | 602,350 | 668 | 169 | 0.71\% |
| 2021 |  | - | 86 | - | 240 | - | 0.26\% |
|  | Village 2 | - | 106 | - | 296 | - | 0.32\% |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 4 | 65 | 127 | 149,500 | 355 | - | 0.38\% |
|  | Village 5 | 81 | 157 | 202,500 | 439 | - | 0.47\% |
|  | Village 6 | 86 | - | 232,200 | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 7 | - | . | . | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | - | - | 169 | 0.00\% |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | $\cdot$ | - | 0.00\% |
| Subtotal |  | 232 | 477 | 584,200 | 1,330 | 169 | 1.42\% |
| 2022 | Village 1 | - | 86 | - | 240 | - | 0.26\% |
|  | Village 2 | - | 106 | - | 296 | - | 0.32\% |
|  | Village 3 | 90 | . | 207,000 | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Village 4 | - | 190 | , | 530 | - | 0.57\% |
|  | Village 5 | 81 | 235 | 202,500 | 657 | - | 0.70\% |
|  | Village 6 | 85 | 83 | 229,500 | 232 | - | 0.25\% |
|  | Village 7 | - | * | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | - | - | 169 | 0.00\% |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
| Subtotal |  | 256 | 701 | 639,000 | 1,955 | 169 | 2.09\% |
| 2023 | Village 1 | - | 86 | - | 240 | - | 0.26\% |
|  | Village 2 | - | 106 | - | 296 | - | 0.32\% |
|  | Village 3 | 90 | 87 | 207,000 | 242 | - | 0.26\% |
|  | Village 4 | - | 190 | - | 530 | - | 0.57\% |
|  | Village 5 | 81 | 314 | 202,500 | 875 | - | 0.94\% |
|  | Village 6 | - | 165 | - | 460 | - | 0.49\% |
|  | Village 7 | 70 | - | 203,000 | - | - | 0.00\% |
|  | Gen. Commercial Open Space | - |  | - | - | 169 | $0.00 \%$ $0.00 \%$ |
| Subtotal |  | 241 | 948 | 612,500 | 2,644 | 169 | 2.83\% |


|  |  | APPENDIX 2 <br> CITY OF SPARKS <br> IBER OF RESIDENIIS AND EMIMLOYELS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2024 | Village 1 | - | 86 | - | 240 | - | 0.26\% |
|  | Village 2 | $\checkmark$ | 106 | - | 296 | - | 0.32\% |
|  | Village 3 | - | 174 | - | 485 | - | 0.52\% |
|  | Village 4 | - | 190 | - | 530 | - | 0.57\% |
|  | Village 5 | - | 392 | - | 1,093 | - | 1.17\% |
|  | Village 6 | - | 165 | - | 460 | - | 0.49\% |
|  | Village 7 | - | 68 | $\bullet$ | 188 | - | 0.20\% |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | - | - | 169 | 0.00\% |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - | 0.00\% |
| Subtotal |  | - | 1,180 | - | 3,293 | 169 | 3.52\% |
| TOTAL |  | 1,223 |  | 7,47 |  |  |  |

## APPENDIX 2, ASSUMPTIONS:

1. Number of residential units and square feet of buildings from Appendix 1.
2. Occupied single-family units are estimated using a vacancy rate of $3.5 \%$ to account for household movement and other timing issues. Households are assumed to be occupied a year after construction. Source: Center for Regional Studies, University of Nevada, Reno, based on data from the American Community Survey.
3. Residents are estimated using a ratio of 2.79 residents per occupied household/unit for owner-occupied units Source: "Average Household Size of Occupied Units by Tenure." 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, US Census Bureau. Data for Sparks, Nevada.
4. Employee estimates from the Center for Regional Studies, UNR (CRS). Employees added in the year of construction.

| Project Square <br> Feet | Sq.Ft./Employee | Employee |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 141,570 | 837 | 169 |

5. Impacts: Analysis estimates costs and revenues associated with the development using estimated number of new development residents only. The analysis assumes employees of the development will be existing residents of the region, residents of other regions, or residents of the development.
6. City of Sparks FY 2016-17 population is estimated at

93,581 Source: City of Sparks Budget, FY 2017-18.
This is used to estimate the percent of existing population generated by the project.

| APMWNDDX 3CITY OF SPARKSREAL TROPERTY TAX REYFNHK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { USE } \\ \text { TYPE } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ADDED TAX. } \\ \text { LAND } \\ \text { VALUE (\$) } \end{gathered}$ | ADDED TAX. IMPROVEMENT VALUE (\$) | CUMULATIVE <br> TOTAL TAX. VALUE (\$) | $\begin{gathered} \text { CUMULATIVE } \\ \text { ASSESSED } \\ \text { VALUE (\$) } \end{gathered}$ | GENERAL <br> FUND REVENUE | $\begin{gathered} \text { AB } 104 \\ \text { REVENUE } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2018 | Village 1 | \$ 2,018,250 | \$ | \$ 2,018,250 | \$ 706,388 | \$ 6,780 | \$ 14 |
|  | Village 2 | 2,466,750 | - | 2,466,750 | 863,363 | 8,287 | 18 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | - | . | . |  |
|  | Village 4 | 3,950,100 | - | 3,950,100 | 1,382,535 | 13,270 | 28 |
|  | Village 5 | 5,535,000 | - | 5,535,000 | 1,937,250 | 18,594 | 39 |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | . | . | . |  |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | Gen. Commercial | 1,271,044 | - | 1,271,044 | 444,866 | 4,270 | 9 |
|  | Open Space | 1,081,066 | - | 1,081,066 | 378,373 | 3,632 | 8 |
| Subtotal |  | 16,322,211 | - | 16,322,211 | 5,712,774 | 54,831 | 116 |
| 2019 | Village 1 | 1,973,400 | 9,418,500 | 4,052,198 | 1,418,269 | 13,613 | 29 |
|  | Village 2 | 2,466,750 | 11,511,500 | 5,007,503 | 1,752,626 | 16,822 | 36 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | - | - |  |  |
|  | Village 4 | 3,950,100 | 18,433,800 | 8,018,703 | 2,806,546 | 26,937 | 57 |
|  | Village 5 | 5,467,500 | 25,830,000 | 11,168,550 | 3,908,993 | 37,519 | 80 |
|  | Village 6 | 5,67, | , | , | , | , | - |
|  | Village 7 | - |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gen. Commercial | 794,403 | 10,756,687 | 2,103,578 | 736,252 | 7,067 | 15 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | 1,113,498 | 389,724 | 3,741 | 8 |
| Subtotal |  | 14,652,153 | 75,950,487 | 31,464,030 | 11,012,410 | 105,697 | 224 |
| 2020 | Village 1 | - | 9,209,200 | 13,874,818 | 4,856,186 | 46,610 | 99 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 11,511,500 | 17,014,573 | 5,955,100 | 57,157 | 121 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - |  |  |  | - |
|  | Village 4 | 3,890,250 | 18,433,800 | 31,136,328 | 10,897,715 | 104,596 | 222 |
|  | Village 5 | 5,467,500 | 25,515,000 | 43,576,007 | 15,251,602 | 146,385 | 311 |
|  | Village 6 | 6,437,100 | - | 6,437,100 | 2,252,985 | 21,624 | 46 |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | 6,722,930 | 13,246,074 | 4,636,126 | 44,498 | 94 |
|  | Open Space | . | 6,72, | 1,146,903 | 401,416 | 3,853 | 8 |
| Subtotal |  | 15,794,850 | 71,392,430 | 126,431,802 | 44,251,131 | 424,722 | 902 |
| 2021 | Village 1 | - | - | 23,776,539 | 8,321,789 | 79,873 | 170 |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | 29,381,855 | 10,283,649 | 98,702 | 210 |
|  | Village 3 | 5,386,500 | - | 5,386,500 | 1,885,275 | 18,095 | 38 |
|  | Village 4 |  | 18,154,500 | 51,057,232 | 17,870,031 | 171,517 | 364 |
|  | Village 5 | 5,467,500 | 25,515,000 | 76,631,237 | 26,820,933 | 257,427 | 546 |
|  | Village 6 | 6,362,250 | 30,039,800 | 12,992,463 | 4,547,362 | 43,646 | 93 |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | - | , | - | - |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | 20,568,073 | 7,198,826 | 69,094 | 147 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | 1,181,310 | 413,459 | 3,968 | 8 |
| Subtotal |  | 17,216,250 | 73,709,300 | 220,975,209 | 77,341,323 | 742,322 | 1,576 |
| 2022 | Village 1 | - | - | 24,489,835 | 8,571,442 | 82,269 | 175 |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | 30,263,310 | 10,592,159 | 101,664 | 216 |
|  | Village 3 | 5,386,500 | 25,137,000 | 10,934,595 | 3,827,108 | 36,733 | 78 |
|  | Village 4 | - | - | 71,288,084 | 24,950,829 | 239,478 | 508 |
|  | Village 5 | 5,467,500 | 25,515,000 | 110,678,124 | 38,737,343 | 371,801 | 789 |
|  | Village 6 |  | 29,690,500 | 44,323,231 | 15,513,131 | 148,895 | 316 |
|  | Village 7 | 6,037,500 | , | 6,037,500 | 2,113,125 | 20,282 | 43 |
|  | Gen. Commercial |  | - | 21,185,116 | 7,414,790 | 71,167 | 151 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | 1,216,750 | 425,862 | 4,087 | 9 |
| Subtotal |  | 16,891,500 | 80,342,500 | 320,416,544 | 112,145,790 | 1,076,375 | 2,285 |
| 2023 | Village 1 | - | - | 25,224,530 | 8,828,586 | 84,737 | 180 |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | 31,171,210 | 10,909,923 | 104,713 | 222 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 25,137,000 | 37,153,743 | 13,003,810 | 124,811 | 265 |
|  | Village 4 | - |  | 73,426,726 | 25,699,354 | 246,662 | 524 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 25,515,000 | 140,278,918 | 49,097,621 | 471,239 | 1,000 |
|  | Village 6 | - | ,515,000 | 76,234,143 | 26,681,950 | 256,093 | 544 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 28,175,000 | 6,218,625 | 2,176,519 | 20,890 | 44 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | ,175,000 | 21,820,669 | 7,637,234 | 73,302 | 156 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | 1,253,252 | 438,638 | 4,210 | 9 |
| Subtotal |  | - | 78,827,000 | 412,781,816 | 144,473,635 | 1,386,658 | 2,943 |


| APPENDIX 3CIIY OF SPARKSESTIMATED REAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | $\begin{gathered} \text { USE } \\ \text { TYPE } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ADDED TAX. } \\ & \text { LAND } \\ & \text { VALUE }(\$) \end{aligned}$ | ADDED TAX. IMPROVEMENT VALUE (\$) | CUMULATIVE TOTAL TAX. VALUE (\$) | CUMULATIVE ASSESSED VALUE (\$) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GENERAL } \\ & \text { FUND } \\ & \text { REVENUE } \end{aligned}$ | AB 104 <br> REVENUE |
| 2024 | Village 1 | - | - | 25,981,266 | 9,093,443 | 87,279 | 185 |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | 32,106,346 | 11,237,221 | 107,855 | 229 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | 64,159,465 | 22,455,813 | 215,531 | 458 |
|  | Village 4 | - | - | 75,629,528 | 26,470,335 | 254,062 | 539 |
|  | Village 5 | - | $\bullet$ | 170,767,735 | 59,768,707 | 573,660 | 1,218 |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | 78,521,167 | 27,482,408 | 263,776 | 560 |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | 35,425,434 | 12,398,902 | 119,005 | 253 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | 22,475,289 | 7,866,351 | 75,501 | 160 |
|  | Open Space | . | . | 1,290,850 | 451,797 | 4,336 | 9 |
| Subtotal |  | - | - | 506,357,080 | 177,224,978 | 1,701,005 | 3,611 |
| 2025 | Village 1 | - | - | 26,760,704 | 9,366,246 | 89,897 | 191 |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | 33,069,536 | 11,574,338 | 111,090 | 236 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | 66,084,249 | 23,129,487 | 221,997 | 471 |
|  | Village 4 | - | - | 77,898,414 | 27,264,445 | 261,684 | 555 |
|  | Village 5 | - | - | 175,890,767 | 61,561,768 | 590,870 | 1,254 |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | 80,876,802 | 28,306,881 | 271,689 | 577 |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | 36,488,197 | 12,770,869 | 122,575 | 260 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | 23,149,548 | 8,102,342 | 77,766 | 165 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | 1,329,575 | 465,351 | 4,466 | 9 |
| Subtotal |  | - | - | 521,547,792 | 182,541,727 | 1,752,035 | 3,719 |
| 2026 | Village 1 | - | - | 27,563,525 | 9,647,234 | 92,594 | 197 |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | 34,061,622 | 11,921,568 | 114,423 | 243 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | 68,066,777 | 23,823,372 | 228,657 | 485 |
|  | Village 4 | - | - | 80,235,366 | 28,082,378 | 269,535 | 572 |
|  | Village 5 | - | - | 181,167,490 | 63,408,622 | 608,596 | 1,292 |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | 83,303,106 | 29,156,087 | 279,840 | 594 |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | 37,582,843 | 13,153,995 | 126,252 | 268 |
|  |  |  |  | $23,844,034$ | $8,345,412$ | $80,099$ | 170 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | $1,369,462$ | $479,312$ | $4,600$ | 10 |
| Subtotal |  | - | - | 537,194,226 | 188,017,979 | 1,804,597 | 3,831 |
| 2027 | Village 1 | - | - | 28,390,431 | 9,936,651 | 95,372 | 202 |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | 35,083,471 | 12,279,215 | 117,856 | 250 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | 70,108,780 | 24,538,073 | 235,516 | 500 |
|  | Village 4 | - | - | 82,642,427 | 28,924,850 | 277,621 | 589 |
|  | Village 5 | - | - | 186,602,515 | 65,310,880 | 626,854 | 1,331 |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | 85,802,199 | 30,030,770 | 288,235 | 612 |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | 38,710,328 | 13,548,615 | 130,040 | 276 |
|  | Gen. Commercial |  |  | $24,559,355$ | $8,595,774$ | 82,502 | 175 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | $1,410,546$ | $493,691$ | 4,738 | 10 |
| Subtotal |  | - | - | 553,310,053 | 193,658,519 | 1,858,734 | 3,946 |
| 2028 | Village 1 | - | - | 29,242,144 | 10,234,750 | 98,233 | 209 |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | 36,135,975 | 12,647,591 | 121,392 | 258 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | 72,212,043 | 25,274,215 | 242,582 | 515 |
|  | Village 4 | - | - | 85,121,700 | 29,792,595 | 285,949 | 607 |
|  | Village 5 | - | - | 192,200,590 | 67,270,207 | 645,659 | 1,371 |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | 88,376,265 | 30,931,693 | 296,882 | 630 |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | 39,871,638 | 13,955,073 | 133,941 | 284 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | 25,296,136 | 8,853,648 | 84,977 | 180 |
|  | Open Space | - | . | 1,452,863 | 508,502 | 4,881 | 10 |
| Subtotal |  | - | - | 569,909,355 | 199,468,274 | 1,914,496 | 4,064 |
| 2029 | Village 1 | - | - | 30,119,408 | 10,541,793 | 101,180 | 215 |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | 37,220,055 | 13,027,019 | 125,033 | 265 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | 74,378,405 | 26,032,442 | 249,859 | 530 |
|  | Village 4 | - | - | 87,675,351 | 30,686,373 | 294,528 | 625 |
|  | Village 5 | - | - | 197,966,608 | 69,288,313 | 665,029 | 1,412 |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | 91,027,553 | 31,859,644 | 305,789 | 649 |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | 41,067,787 | 14,373,725 | 137,959 | 293 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | 26,055,020 | 9,119,257 | 87,527 | 186 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | 1,496,448 | 523,757 | 5,027 | 11 |
| Subtotal |  | - | - | 587,006,635 | 205,452,322 | 1,971,931 | 4,186 |




## APPENDIX 3, ASSUMPTIONS:

1. As the project is not currently located in the City of Sparks, all property tax revenue generated by the project will be net new to the City.
2. Taxable value of land and improvements is estimated in Appendix 1
3. Land and improvement taxable values are inflated by $\quad \mathbf{3 . 0} \%$ annually, the maximum allowed increase for owner-occupied properties. This may be conservative for commercial uses in the project, which can increase up to $8 \%$ per year.
4. Property tax calculation: Taxable Value X $35 \%=$ Assessed Value; Assessed Value/ 100 X Tax Rate $=$ Property Tax Revenue. Analysis assumes improvements will generate property tax revenue in the year after improvements are made to account for work-in-progress. Land values will generate property tax in the year as developed.
5. City of Sparks General Fund operating tax rate is assumed to remain constant at FY 2017-18 rate of $\quad \mathbf{\$} \quad \mathbf{0 . 9 5 9 8}$ per $\$ 100$ of value. Source: City of Sparks Budget, FY 2017-18.
6. City of Sparks is expected to receive $\quad 7.49 \%$ of property tax revenue generated by the AB 104 property tax rate of
\$ 0.0272 Source: Nevada Department of Taxation. "Local Gov't Tax Act Distribution." Three-year average FY 2014-15, FY 2015-16, and 2016-17.


| APDENDIX 4CHTY OF SPARKSESTHMAIED SALES TAX REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { USE } \\ & \text { TYPE } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CONSTR. } \\ & \text { MATERIALS } \\ & \text { COST } \end{aligned}$ | HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURES | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { TAXABLE } \\ \text { SALES } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CCRT } \\ \text { SALES TAX } \\ \text { REVENUE } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AB } 104 \\ \text { SALES TAX } \\ \text { REVENUE } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2024 | Village 1 | - | 1,783,857 | 1,783,857 | 4,782 | 328 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,204,767 | 2,204,767 | 5,910 | 406 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 4,082,625 | 4,082,625 | 10,944 | 751 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 4,468,206 | 4,468,206 | 11,977 | 822 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 10,277,799 | 10,277,799 | 27,551 | 1,891 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 4,761,500 | 4,761,500 | 12,764 | 876 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,006,944 | 2,006,944 | 5,380 | 369 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | 29,585,697 | 29,585,697 | 79,307 | 5,443 |
| 2025 | Village 1 | - | 1,837,373 | 1,837,373 | 4,925 | 338 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,270,910 | 2,270,910 | 6,087 | 418 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 4,205,103 | 4,205,103 | 11,272 | 774 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 4,602,252 | 4,602,252 | 12,337 | 847 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 10,586,133 | 10,586,133 | 28,377 | 1,948 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 4,904,344 | 4,904,344 | 13,147 | 902 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,067,153 | 2,067,153 | 5,541 | 380 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | 30,473,268 | 30,473,268 | 81,686 | 5,607 |
| 2026 | Village 1 | - | 1,892,494 | 1,892,494 | 5,073 | 348 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,339,038 | 2,339,038 | 6,270 | 430 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 4,331,256 | 4,331,256 | 11,610 | 797 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 4,740,320 | 4,740,320 | 12,707 | 872 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 10,903,716 | 10,903,716 | 29,228 | 2,006 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 5,051,475 | 5,051,475 | 13,541 | 929 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,129,167 | 2,129,167 | 5,707 | 392 |
|  | Gen. Commercial Open Space | - |  |  | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | 31,387,466 | 31,387,466 | 84,137 | 5,775 |
| 2027 | Village 1 | - | 1,949,269 | 1,949,269 | 5,225 | 359 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,409,209 | 2,409,209 | 6,458 | 443 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 4,461,194 | 4,461,194 | 11,959 | 821 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 4,882,529 | 4,882,529 | 13,088 | 898 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 11,230,828 | 11,230,828 | 30,105 | 2,066 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 5,203,019 | 5,203,019 | 13,947 | 957 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,193,042 | 2,193,042 | 5,879 | 403 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | , | , | , | - |
|  | Open Space | - | , | - | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | 32,329,090 | 32,329,090 | 86,661 | 5,948 |
| 2028 | Village 1 | - | 2,007,747 | 2,007,747 | 5,382 | 369 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,481,485 | 2,481,485 | 6,652 | 457 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 4,595,030 | 4,595,030 | 12,317 | 845 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 5,029,005 | 5,029,005 | 13,481 | 925 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 11,567,753 | 11,567,753 | 31,008 | 2,128 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 5,359,110 | 5,359,110 | 14,366 | 986 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,258,833 | 2,258,833 | 6,055 | 416 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | . | - | - | - |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | 33,298,963 | 33,298,963 | 89,261 | 6,126 |
| 2029 | Village 1 | - |  | 2,067,979 | 5,543 | 380 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,555,930 | 2,555,930 | 6,851 | 470 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 4,732,881 | 4,732,881 | 12,687 | 871 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 5,179,875 | 5,179,875 | 13,885 | 953 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 11,914,785 | 11,914,785 | 31,939 | 2,192 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 5,519,883 | 5,519,883 | 14,797 | 1,016 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,326,598 | 2,326,598 | 6,237 | 428 |
|  | Gen. Commercial Open Space | - | - | - | - | $\stackrel{-}{-}$ |
| Subtotal |  | - | 34,297,932 | 34,297,932 | 91,939 | 6,310 |


|  | APPENDIX 4CIYY OF SPARKSESTMMATED SADES TAX RWVEN1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { USE } \\ & \text { TYPE } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CONSTR. } \\ \text { MATERIALS } \\ \text { COST } \end{gathered}$ | HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURES | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOTAL } \\ & \text { TAXABLE } \\ & \text { SALES } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CCRT } \\ \text { SALES TAX } \\ \text { REVENUE } \end{gathered}$ | AB 104 SALES TAX REVENUE |
| 2030 | Village 1 | - | 2,130,019 | 2,130,019 | 5,710 | 392 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,632,607 | 2,632,607 | 7,057 | 484 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 4,874,867 | 4,874,867 | 13,068 | 897 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 5,335,271 | 5,335,271 | 14,302 | 982 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 12,272,229 | 12,272,229 | 32,897 | 2,258 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 5,685,479 | 5,685,479 | 15,240 | 1,046 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,396,396 | 2,396,396 | 6,424 | 441 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | 35,326,870 | 35,326,870 | 94,697 | 6,499 |
| 2031 | Village 1 | - | 2,193,919 | 2,193,919 | 5,881 | 404 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,711,586 | 2,711,586 | 7,269 | 499 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 5,021,113 | 5,021,113 | 13,460 | 924 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 5,495,330 | 5,495,330 | 14,731 | 1,011 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 12,640,396 | 12,640,396 | 33,884 | 2,326 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 5,856,044 | 5,856,044 | 15,698 | 1,077 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,468,288 | 2,468,288 | 6,616 | 454 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | , | , | 6,616 | , |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | 36,386,676 | 36,386,676 | 97,538 | 6,694 |
| 2032 | Village 1 | - | 2,259,737 | 2,259,737 | 6,057 | 416 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,792,933 | 2,792,933 | 7,487 | 514 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 5,171,747 | 5,171,747 | 13,863 | 952 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 5,660,189 | 5,660,189 | 15,173 | 1,041 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 13,019,608 | 13,019,608 | 34,900 | 2,395 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 6,031,725 | 6,031,725 | 16,169 | 1,110 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,542,337 | 2,542,337 | 6,815 | 468 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | - | . | - |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | $\cdot$ |
| Subtotal |  | - | 37,478,276 | 37,478,276 | 100,464 | 6,895 |
| 2033 | Village 1 | - | 2,327,529 | 2,327,529 | 6,239 | 428 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,876,721 | 2,876,721 | 7,711 | 529 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 5,326,899 | 5,326,899 | 14,279 | 980 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 5,829,995 | 5,829,995 | 15,628 | 1,073 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 13,410,196 | 13,410,196 | 35,947 | 2,467 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 6,212,677 | 6,212,677 | 16,654 | 1,143 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,618,607 | 2,618,607 | 7,019 | 482 |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | , | . | . |
|  | Open Space | . | . | . | - | . |
| Subtotal |  | - | 38,602,624 | 38,602,624 | 103,478 | 7,102 |
| 2034 | Village 1 | - | 2,397,355 | 2,397,355 | 6,426 | 441 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 2,963,023 | 2,963,023 | 7,943 | 545 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 5,486,706 | 5,486,706 | 14,708 | 1,009 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 6,004,895 | 6,004,895 | 16,097 | 1,105 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 13,812,502 | 13,812,502 | 37,026 | 2,541 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 6,399,057 | 6,399,057 | 17,153 | 1,177 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,697,165 | 2,697,165 | 7,230 | 496 |
|  | Gen. Commercial Open Space | - | , | , | . | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | 39,760,703 | 39,760,703 | 106,582 | 7,315 |
| 2035 | Village 1 | - | 2,469,276 | 2,469,276 | 6,619 | 454 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 3,051,914 | 3,051,914 | 8,181 | 561 |
|  | Village 3 | - | 5,651,307 | 5,651,307 | 15,149 | 1,040 |
|  | Village 4 | - | 6,185,042 | 6,185,042 | 16,580 | 1,138 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 14,226,877 | 14,226,877 | 38,136 | 2,617 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 6,591,029 | 6,591,029 | 17,668 | 1,213 |
|  | Village 7 | - | 2,778,080 | 2,778,080 | 7,447 | 511 |
|  | Gen. Commercial Open Space | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | 40,953,524 | 40,953,524 | 109,779 | 7,535 |



## APPENDIX 4, ASSUMPTIONS:

1. Construction Materials Cost is estimated in Appendix 1.
2. Household Taxable Sales-estimated based on the number of occupied households, estimated household income, and expenditure information. Household incoms and percent of income spent on taxable items are estimated as follows, based on projected sales price for each village shown in Appendix 1:
\% Spent on Taxable

|  | Household Income |  | Items |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Village 1 | $\$$ | 61,316 | $27.5 \%$ |
| Village 2 | $\$$ | 61,316 | $27.5 \%$ |
| Village 3 | $\$$ | 79,390 | $24.1 \%$ |
| Village 4 | $\$$ | 79,390 | $24.1 \%$ |
| Village 5 | $\$$ | 88,608 | $24.1 \%$ |
| Village 6 | $\$$ | 97,465 | $24.1 \%$ |
| Village 7 | $\$$ | 111,201 | $21.7 \%$ |

Affordability calculator created by EEC and Center for Regional Studies, UNR. Percent of household income spent on taxable items from Consumer Expenditure Survey, 2016, Bureau of Labor Statistics, data by corresponding household income range. Estimates are inflated 3\% annually.

| 3. Relevant tax rates for the City of Sparks are as follows: | $\mathbf{0 . 5 0 0 \%}$ | Basic City County Relief Tax (BCCRT) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\mathbf{1 . 7 5 0 \%}$ | Supplemental City County Relief Tax (SCCRT) |

Distribution of BCCRT and SCCRT sales tax revenue to the City of Sparks is calculated $\quad \mathbf{1 2 . 1 3 \%} \quad$ of all Washoe County CCRT revenue. Source: Distribution based on average percentage share of Washoe County C-Tax distribution from FY 2014-15 to FY 2016-17. Data from Nevada Department of Taxation. "Consolidated Tax Distribution: Revenue Summary by County."
Distribution of AB 104 sales tax revenue to the City of Sparks is calculated at $\quad \mathbf{7 . 4 9 \%} \quad$ of all Washoe County AB 104 revenue.
Source: Distribution based on average percentage share of Washoe County AB104 distribution from FY 2014-15 to FY 2016-17. Data from Nevada
Department of Taxation. "Local Government Tax Act Distribution."
4. A State administrative fee of of all sales tax revenue is subtracted for State uses. Source: AB 552.

|  |  |  |  |  |  | ESTIMAT |  | NDIX 5 F SPARKS ND IMPACT |  | erevenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ESTIMATED |  | BUILDING | PLAN | CURRENT | FIRE INSPEC」 | REGIONAL |  | SEWER | RESIDENTIAL |  | IMPACT | T FEE SERVIC | E AREA \#1 |  |  |
|  | USE | BUILDING | PRINCIPAL | PERMIT | REVIEW | Planning | PLAN REVIEX | ROAD |  | ONNECT. | PARK TAX | SANITARY | FLOOD | REGIONAL | FIRE |  |  |
| YEAR | TYPE | VALUATION | AMOUNT | REVENUE | REVENUE | REVENUE | REVENUE | REVENUE |  | REVENUE | REVENUE | SEWER | CONTROL | PARKS/REC | STATION |  | OTAL |
| 2018 | Village 1 | \$ | \$ 72,262 | \$ 69,083 | \$ 28,905 | \$ 6,300 | 31,795 | \$ 176,488 | S | 264,388 | 45,000 | \$ 13,365 | \$ 26,685 | \$ 35,010 | \$ 15,300 | s | 90,360 |
|  | Village 2 | - | 88,321 | 84,435 | 35,328 | 7,700 | 38,861 | 215,708 |  | 323,140 | 55,000 | 16,335 | 32,615 | 42,790 | 18,700 |  | 110,440 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | . | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Village 4 | - | 131,857 | 126,055 | 52,743 | 9,240 | 58,017 | 258,849 |  | 387,768 | 66,000 | 19,602 | 39,138 | 51,348 | 22,440 |  | 132,528 |
|  | Village 5 | - | 180,216 | 172,286 | 72,086 | 11,480 | 79,295 | 321,601 |  | 481,773 | 82,000 | 24,354 | 48,626 | 63,796 | 27,880 |  | 164,656 |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | , | . | - |  | - |  |  |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | . | . | . | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | 41,221 | 39,407 | 30,915 | 21,146 | 18,137 | 610,816 |  | - | - | 24,306 | 46,783 | - | 29,621 |  | 100,711 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | , | , |  |  | . | . |  | , | . | , |  | , |
| Subtotal |  | - | 513,876 | 491,265 | 219,978 | 55,866 | 226,105 | 1,583,462 |  | 1,457,069 | 248,000 | 97,962 | 193,847 | 192,944 | 113,941 |  | 598,69: |
| 2019 | Village 1 | 9,418,500 | 70,657 | 67,548 | 28,263 | 6,160 | 31,089 | 172,566 |  | 258,512 | 44,000 | 13,068 | 26,092 | 34,232 | 14,960 |  | 88,352 |
|  | Village 2 | 11,511,500 | 88,321 | 84,435 | 35,328 | 7,700 | 38,861 | 215,708 |  | 323,140 | 55,000 | 16,335 | 32,615 | 42,790 | 18,700 |  | 110,440 |
|  | Village 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | . | - | . |  | - |
|  | Village 4 | 18,433,800 | 131,857 | 126,055 | 52,743 | 9,240 | 58,017 | 258,849 |  | 387,768 | 66,000 | 19,602 | 39,138 | 51,348 | 22,440 |  | 132,528 |
|  | Village 5 | 25,830,000 | 178,018 | 170,185 | 71,207 | 11,340 | 78,328 | 317,679 |  | 475,898 | 81,000 | 24,057 | 48,033 | 63,018 | 27,540 |  | 162,648 |
|  | Village 6 | - | - | - | - | . | - | - |  | - | . | . | . | . | - |  | - |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | . | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Gen. Commercial | 10,756,687 | 26,497 | 25,332 | 19,873 | 13,593 | 11,659 | 381,760 |  | - | - | 15,192 | 29,240 | - | 18,513 |  | 62,944 |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | . | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| Subtotal |  | 75,950,487 | 495,349 | 473,554 | 207,414 | 48,033 | 217,954 | 1,346,562 |  | 1,445,319 | 246,000 | 88,254 | 175,118 | 191,388 | 102,153 |  | 556,912 |
| 2020 | Village 1 | 9,209,200 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Village 2 | 11,511,500 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Village 3 | , | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Village 4 | 18,433,800 | 129,859 | 124,145 | 51,944 | 9,100 | 57,138 | 254,927 |  | 381,893 | 65,000 | 19,305 | 38,545 | 50,570 | 22,100 |  | 130,520 |
|  | Village 5 | 25,515,000 | 178,018 | 170,185 | 71,207 | 11,340 | 78,328 | 317,679 |  | 475,898 | 81,000 | 24,057 | 48,033 | 63,018 | 27,540 |  | 162,648 |
|  | Village 6 | - | 205,525 | 196,482 | 82,210 | 12,040 | 90,431 | 337,289 |  | 505,274 | 86,000 | 25,542 | 50,998 | 66,908 | 29,240 |  | 172,688 |
|  | Village 7 | - | - | - | - | - | . | - |  | - | - | - | - | . | - |  | - |
|  | Gen. Commercial | 6,722,930 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | . | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| Subtotal |  | 71,392,430 | 513,402 | 490,812 | 205,361 | 32,480 | 225,897 | 909,895 |  | 1,363,065 | 232,000 | 68,904 | 137,576 | 180,496 | 78,880 |  | 465,856 |
| 2021 | Village 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | . |
|  | Village 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Village 3 | - | 179,805 | 171,893 | 71,922 | 12,600 | 79,114 | 352,976 |  | 528,775 | 90,000 | 26,730 | 53,370 | 70,020 | 30,600 |  | 180,720 |
|  | Village 4 | 18,154,500 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Village 5 | 25,515,000 | 178,018 | 170,185 | 71,207 | 11,340 | 78,328 | 317,679 |  | 475,898 | 81,000 | 24,057 | 48,033 | 63,018 | 27,540 |  | 162,648 |
|  | Village 6 | 30,039,800 | 203,136 | 194,198 | 81,254 | 11,900 | 89,380 | 333,367 |  | 499,399 | 85,000 | 25,245 | 50,405 | 66,130 | 28,900 |  | 170,680 |
|  | Village 7 |  |  | - |  | - | - | - |  | - | . | . | - | . | . |  | - |
|  | Gen. Commercial | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
|  | Open Space | - | - | - | - | - | - | . |  | - | . | . | . | - | - |  | - |
| Subtotal |  | 73,709,300 | 560,958 | 536,276 | 224,383 | 35,840 | 246,822 | 1,004,022 |  | 1,504,072 | 256,000 | 76,032 | 151,808 | 199,168 | 87,040 |  | 514,048 |

APPENDIX 5, ASSUMPTIONS:

1. Building valuation is estimated in Appendix 1. It should be noted that permit fees associated with some residential uses are likely underestimated as construction values provided by the Client and used to estimate permit revenues for the projer 2. Principal amount for the calculation of building permit and plan check fee revenue is estimated at follows, principal amount and resulting fees are estimated in the year prior to construction: $\begin{array}{ccccc}\$ & 993.75 & \text { for the first } \$ 100,000.01 \text { of Building Permit Valuation, plus } \\ \$ & \$, 608.75 & \text { for the first } \$ 1,000,000.01 \text { of Building Permit Valuation, plus } & \mathbf{5 . 6 0} & \text { for each additional } \$ 1,000 \text { thereafter through a value of } \$ 500,000 \text {. } \\ \text { Source: "City of Sparks Permit Fees." Revised October } 9, & 2017 \text {. As the number of commercial buildings is unknown, analysis conservatively assumes one building permit per year. }\end{array}$
Building Permit fee revenue is estimated at $\quad \mathbf{9 5 . 6 0 \%}$ of principal amount. the prinima amount.


GENERAL FUND

## REVENUE

$\xrightarrow[\text { Taxes }]{\text { Ad Valorem }}{ }^{1}$
Subtotal
Licenses and Permits
Business Licenses ${ }^{3}$
Liquor Licenses
City Gaming Licenses ${ }^{2}$
Franchise Fees ${ }^{3}$
Franchise Fees ${ }^{3}$
Nonbusiness Licenses and Perrmits Subtotal
Intergovernmental Revenue
Consolidated Tax-CCRT Revenue ${ }^{4}$ Consolidated Tax-Other Revenue ${ }^{5}$ State Distributive Fund-Sales Tax ${ }^{4}$ State Distributive Fund-Other ${ }^{6}$ County Gaming Licenses ${ }^{2}$
Other Intergovernmental Revenue ${ }^{\prime}$ Subtotal

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Charges for Services } \\
& \text { Ruildino and } 7 \text { Onino Feec }
\end{aligned}
$$

$\frac{\text { Charges for Services }}{\text { Building and Zonin }}$
Building and Zoning Fees ${ }^{7}$
Other
Subtotal
$\frac{\text { Fines and Forfeits }}{\text { Fines }^{3}}$
REVENUE TOTAL
$\square$
ST 10－YEAR
2027 SUBTOTAL

| 9Lで181 <br> こLざさをS <br> LS6‘88 <br> SLI＇Lto ${ }^{*}$ I <br> 87z＇61 <br> 010＇LL |
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|  |  |
|  |  |

$\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{b}$
等 $\begin{array}{rl}13,035 & \mathrm{~s} \\ 3,254 & \\ 177,242 & \\ 48,062 & \\ 90,447 & \\ 30,682 & \\ 362,722 & \$ \\ & \\ 100,412 & \$ \\ 100,412 & \$\end{array}$

 $1,177,031$ S $6,974,354$ 238，507

 | $\mathbf{7 5 7 , 6 1 8}$ |
| :--- |
| 757,618 | $136,330 \mathrm{~s}$

Fiscal Impact Analysis-City of Sparks


ROAD FUND
REVENUE
$\frac{\text { Licenses and Permits }}{\text { Licenses and Permits,13 }}$ Subtotal
Intergovernmental Revenues
County Gasoline Tax ${ }^{3}$ Subtotal
$\frac{\text { Miscellaneous }}{\text { Interest Earned }}$
Subtotal

## REVENUE TOTAL

## EXPENDITURES

Public Works ${ }^{16}$ CONTINGENCY
Ekay Economic Consultants, Inc.

Fiscal Impact Analysis-City of Sparks $\square$

|  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | $\underline{2032}$ |  | $\underline{2033}$ |  | $\underline{2034}$ |  | 2035 |  | $\underline{2036}$ |  | $\underline{2037}$ | 10-YEAR SUBTOTAL |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 20-YEAR } \\ & \text { TOTAL } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 13,415 | \$ | 13,808 | \$ | 14,212 | \$ | 14,628 | \$ | 15,056 | \$ | 15,498 | S | 15,952 | \$ | 16,421 | s | 16,903 | \$ | 17,400 | \$ 153,293 | s | 230,303 |
|  | 3,350 |  | 3,447 |  | 3,548 |  | 3,652 |  | 3,759 |  | 3,869 |  | 3,983 |  | 4,100 |  | 4,220 |  | 4,344 | 38,274 |  | 57,501 |
|  | 182,421 |  | 187,754 |  | 193,247 |  | 198,906 |  | 204,734 |  | 210,737 |  | 216,920 |  | 223,288 |  | 229,848 |  | 236,604 | 2,084,457 |  | 3,131,632 |
|  | 49,466 |  | 50,912 |  | 52,402 |  | 53,936 |  | 55,517 |  | 57,144 |  | 58,821 |  | 60,548 |  | 62,326 |  | 64,159 | 565,231 |  | 849,187 |
|  | 93,089 |  | 95,811 |  | 98,614 |  | 101,501 |  | 104,475 |  | 107,539 |  | 110,694 |  | 113,944 |  | 117,291 |  | 120,739 | 1,063,696 |  | 1,598,067 |
|  | 31,579 |  | 32,502 |  | 33,453 |  | 34,432 |  | 35,441 |  | 36,481 |  | 37,551 |  | 38,653 |  | 39,789 |  | 40,958 | 360,840 |  | 542,116 |
| s | 373,319 | s | 384,234 | s | 395,476 | s | 407,056 | s | 418,983 | $s$ | 431,267 | s | 443,921 | s | 456,953 | s | 470,377 | s | 484,204 | \$ 4,265,790 | s | 6,408,807 |
| \$ | 103,424 | s | 106,527 | \$ | 109,723 | S | 113,015 | \$ | 116,405 | \$ | 119,897 | \$ | 123,494 | s | 127,199 | \$ | 131,015 | \$ | 134,945 | \$ 1,185,645 | s | 1,743,659 |
|  | 103,424 | \$ | 106,527 | s | 109,723 | \$ | 113,015 | s | 116,405 | $s$ | 119,897 | s | 123,494 | s | 127,199 | \$ | 131,015 | \$ | 134,945 | \$ $1,185,645$ | s | 1,743,659 |

\& 103,424 \& 106,527 \& 109,723 \& 113,015 \& 116,405 \& 119,897 \& 123,494 \& 127,199 \& 131,015 \& 134,945 \& $1,185,645$ \$ $1,743,659$



$\$ 3,449,647$ s \$ 302,834 s
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}1,320,018 & \$ 1,358,485 & \$ 1,398,106 & \$ 1,438,916 & \$ 1,480,950 & \$ 1,524,246 & \$ 1,568,840 & \$ 13,829,852 & \$\end{array}$

| \$ | 30,632 | s | 31,551 | \$ | 32,498 | \$ | 33,473 | s | 34,477 | \$ | 35,511 | s | 36,577 | s | 37,674 | \$ | 38,804 | \$ | 39,968 | s | 351,165 | $s$ | 589,672 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 30,632 | s | 31,551 | s | 32,498 | s | 33,473 | 5 | 34,477 | s | 35,511 | s | 36,577 | s | 37,674 | \$ | 38,804 | $s$ | 39,968 | s | 351,165 | s | 589,672 |
| \$ | 140,420 | \$ | 144,632 | \$ | 148,971 | s | 153,441 | s | 158,044 | \$ | 162,785 | $s$ | 167,669 | s | 172,699 | \$ | 177,880 | \$ | 183,216 |  | 1,609,756 | $s$ | 2,367,374 |
| s | 140,420 | s | 144,632 | \$ | 148,971 | \$ | 153,441 | s | 158,044 | \$ | 162,785 | s | 167,669 | s | 172,699 | s | 177,880 | s | 183,216 | $s$ | 1,609,756 | s | 2,367,374 |

Fiscal Impact Analysis-City of Sparks
 10-YEAR 20-YEAR

2037 SUBTOTAL TOTAL




 | EXPENDITURES TOTAL | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 9 2 3 , 2 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 9 7 9 , 4 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 0 3 7 , 3 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 9 7 , 0 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 1 5 8 , 4 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 2 2 1 , 7 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 2 8 6 , 9 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 3 5 4 , 0 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 4 2 3 , 2 5 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 4 9 4 , 4 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 1 , 9 7 6 , 1 6 5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\mathbf{\$} \mathbf{3 3 , 0 1 6 , 3 9 6} \mathbf{l}$

 ROAD FUND
Community Support
Management Services ${ }^{9}$
Community Support Total CONTINGENCY

## REVENUE

## $\frac{\text { Licenses and Permits }}{\text { Licenses and Permits }}$

 SubtotalIntergovernmental Revenues
County Gasoline Tax Subtotal

Miscellaneous
Interest Earned'
Subrotal
REVENUE TOTAL
EXPENDITURES
Public Works ${ }^{16}$ EXPENDITURES SUBTOTAL

CONTINGENCY



## APPENDIX 6, ASSUMPTIONS:

Unless otherwise indicated, the analysis uses Estimated Current Year Ending 6/30/2017 (Fiscal Year 2016-2017) revenue and expenditure data from the City of Sparks Budget, FY 2017-18.
The analysis is conservative in not estimating the increase in some Sparks business-related revenues resulting from new residents of the development, though this increase is expected to occur. 3 ACM: Revenues are calculated based on estimated FY 2016-17 City of Sparks estimated per capita revenues inflated $\quad 3 \%$ annually and applied to the estimated annual population of 4 See Appendix 4 for calculations.
5 In addition to CCRT revenue, Consolidated tax for the City includes revenue from Real Property Transfer Tax, GST (MVPT), Cigarette and Liquor taxes. A per capita methodology as explained in
footnote 3 is applied to estimate this revenue. Total Washoe County revenues from liquor, cigarette and GST (analysis conservatively does not include RPTT as it is not a recurring revenue)
sources totaled $\quad \mathbf{S} \quad \mathbf{3 0 , 0 4 8 , 9 6 8}$ in FY 2016-2017. City of Sparks is estimated to receive
3,643,715 and the ACM is applied to this amount.
-
7 Though the project may generate revenue for the City from these sources,
8 Charges for services for the City include inter-department and
9 Administrative service (indirect) costs assumed to be impacted by the project are calculated at
Source: Average percent indirect costs of direct costs for FY 2016-17. Source: City of Sparks Budget, FY 2017-18.
10 ACM: Expenditures are calculated based on estimated FY 2016-17 City of Sparks budget per capita costs inflated
11 See Appendix 7 for calculations and assumptions.
Expenditures for the Public Safety source include traffic signals, signs and other public safety items. Costs associated with these services are estimated by dividing total expenditures for this source of
$\mathbf{1 , 0 0 9 , 2 8 0}$
inflated 3\% annually. Source: Expenditures from City of Sparks budget FY 2017-18, City of Sparks streets inventory from City of Sparks Community Services Department.
14 Expenditures for the Public Works source include Public Works administrative and facility maintenance costs. Costs associated with these services are estimated by dividing total expenditures for this source of
$\$ 1,480,919$ by the total square feet of City of Sparks streets of 67,541,767 and applying to the number of square feet added by the development of
inflated 3\% annually. Source: Expenditures from City of Sparks budget FY 2017-18, City of Sparks streets inventory from City of Sparks Community Services Department.
15 Analysis uses FY 2017-18 amount (instead of FY 2016-17) as it includes the shift of franchise revenues from the Road Fumd to the Park \& Recreation Project Fund.
16 See Appendix 9 for calculation and assumptions.

|  | APPENDIX7CITY OF SPARKSPOLICE DEPARTMFNT COST PROSECTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | CUMUL. NEW RESIDENTIAL POPULATION | OFFICERS REQUIRED RESIDENTIAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { OFFICERS } \\ \text { REQUIRED } \\ \text { COMMERCIAL } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | OFFICERS REQUIRED TOTAL | CIVILIANS REOUIRED | SALARY/ BENEFITS | SERVICES/ SUPPLIES | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ANNUALIZED } \\ & \text { VEHICLE } \\ & \text { COSTS } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOTAL } \\ & \text { COST } \end{aligned}$ |
| 2018 | - | - | - | - | - | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | - |
| 2019 | - | - | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 4,662 | 163 | - |  | 4,825 |
| 2020 | 668 | 1.00 | 0.06 | 1.06 | 0.35 | 137,076 | 4,804 | 37,775 |  | 179,654 |
| 2021 | 1,330 | 2.00 | 0.06 | 2.06 | 0.69 | 273,265 | 9,577 | 37,775 |  | 320,617 |
| 2022 | 1,955 | 2.93 | 0.06 | 2.99 | 1.00 | 409,761 | 14,360 | 37,775 |  | 461,896 |
| 2023 | 2,644 | 3.97 | 0.06 | 4.03 | 1.34 | 567,871 | 19,901 | 37,775 |  | 625,547 |
| 2024 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 726,298 | 25,454 | 37,775 |  | 789,526 |
| 2025 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 748,087 | 26,217 | 37,775 |  | 812,079 |
| 2026 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 770,530 | 27,004 | 37,775 |  | 835,308 |
| 2027 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 793,646 | 27,814 | 37,775 |  | 859,234 |
| 2028 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 817,455 | 28,648 | 37,775 |  | 883,878 |
| 2029 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 841,979 | 29,508 | 37,775 |  | 909,261 |
| 2030 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 867,238 | 30,393 | 37,775 |  | 935,406 |
| 2031 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 893,255 | 31,305 | 37,775 |  | 962,334 |
| 2032 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 920,053 | 32,244 | 37,775 |  | 990,071 |
| 2033 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 947,654 | 33,211 | 37,775 |  | 1,018,640 |
| 2034 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 976,084 | 34,208 | 37,775 |  | 1,048,066 |
| 2035 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 1,005,367 | 35,234 | 37,775 |  | 1,078,375 |
| 2036 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 1,035,528 | 36,291 | 37,775 |  | 1,109,593 |
| 2037 | 3,293 | 4.94 | 0.06 | 5.00 | 1.67 | 1,066,593 | 37,380 | 37,775 |  | 1,141,747 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  | \$ 13,802,400 | 483,715 | 679,942 | S | 14,966,058 |

## APPENDIX 7, ASSUMPTIONS:

1. Population estimates are shown in Appendix 2 of the report.
2. For the residential portion of the analysis, uniformed officer positions are estimated at $\mathbf{1 . 5}$ positions per 1,000 population. For non-uniformed positions, a ratio of 0.5 positions for every three uniformed positions, is used. Source: City of Sparks Police Department.
3. For General Commercial use, the analysis estimates the number of calls for service generated by the project by using average data for similar projects:

## CFS/Sq.Ft.

|  | Annual CFS | Building Sq.Ft. | (000s) | Project Sq.Ft. | Project CFS |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Home Depot | 52 | 102,489 | 0.51 |  |  |
| Costco | 102 | 148,346 | 0.69 |  |  |
| Kohl's | 92 | 87,888 | 1.05 |  |  |
| Average |  |  | $\mathbf{0 . 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 1 , 5 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 5 . 7 9}$ |

Source: CFS from City of Sparks Police Department. Comparable project square footage from Washoe County Assessor.
However, many visitors to the commercial portion of the project will be existing residents of the project, calls for service for these residents are estimated above, or existing City of Sparks residents, already generating calls for service for the City. Only non-Sparks residents coming to the project will generate new calls for service for the City.
The analysis conservatively assumes $50 \%$ of the above General Commercial calls for service will be net new calls for service for the City.
According to a calculation of the number of calls for service handled annually by a police officer, based on the number of hours worked, break time,
vacation time, and other components, an officer is estimated to handle an average of 875 calls for service per year. This results in an estimated
0.06 officer positions for the commercial portion of the project.

Source: City of Sparks Police Department and data from City of Reno Police Department for similar studies.

## CITY OF SPARKS <br> POLICE DEPARTMENT COST PROJECTIONS

4. The following City of Sparks salary information is used to estimate operating costs, inflated $\mathbf{3 \%} \quad$ annually.

Salary Range

| FY 2017-18 | Low |  | High |  | Average |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Police Officer | \$ | 51,730 | \$ | 67,371 | \$ | 59,550 |
| Sergeant |  | 73,112 |  | 87,734 |  | 80,423 |
| Crime Analyst |  | 55,245 |  | 70,512 |  | 62,878 |
| Records Technician |  | 45,510 |  | 57,990 |  | 51,750 |
| Police Office Assistant |  | 34,070 |  | 43,368 |  | 38,719 |
| GT/IT Support Specialist |  | 44,866 |  | 57,179 |  | 51,022 |
| Dispatcher |  | 43,368 |  | 55,245 |  | 49,306 |
| Weighted Average Officers | \$ | 54,402 | \$ | 69,917 | \$ | 62,160 |
| Weighted Average Civilians | \$ | 40,351 | \$ | 51,396 | \$ | 45,873 |
| calculated at |  | 57.1\% | of salarie |  |  |  |
| costs calculated at |  | 3.5\% | of salaries and benefits. |  |  |  |
| average FY 2015-16 throu |  | $7-18$ from |  | ks |  | 18. |

Source: Three-year average FY $2015-16$ through FY $2017-18$ from City of Sparks Budget FY 2017-18.
6. One police vehicle is added for every 3 uniformed positions. The 2017 cost of a fully-equipped vehicle is
$\$ 70,000$ inflated $3 \%$ annually. Life of vehicle is 5 years and the analysis includes vehicle replacement costs with no salvage value. Source: City of Sparks Police Department.

${ }^{*}$ CFS-calls for service.

## APPENDIX 8, ASSUMPTIONS:

1. Number of residential units from Appendix 1. Analysis includes all units, not just occupied units, for Fire Department impacts.
2. Residential calls for service are estimated using average cfs per unit data for single-family residential properties between FY 2011-12 and FY 2015-16, estimated at 0.12 single-family units.
3. Calls for service for the General Commercial portion are estimated using cfs data for comparable projects:

|  | Annual CFS | Building Sq.Ft. | CFS/Sq.Ft. (000s) | Project Sq.Ft. | Project CFS |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Costco | 10 | 148,346 | 0.07 |  |  |
| Kohl's | 5.4 | 87,888 | 0.06 |  |  |
| Average |  |  | 0.06 | $\mathbf{1 4 1 , 5 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 . 1 2}$ |

Source: City of Sparks Fire Department. Data is a five year average of calls for service for FY 2011-12 to FY 2015-16.
However, many visitors to the commercial portion of the project will be existing residents of the project, calls for service for these residents are estimated above, or existingCity of Sparks residents, already generating calls for service for the City. Only non-Sparks residents coming to the project will generate new calls for service for the City. The analysis conservatively assumes $50 \%$ of the above General Commercial calls for service will be net new calls for service for the City.
4. Costs to provide services to the development are estimated at $\mathbf{\$} \quad \mathbf{1 , 4 3 0 . 4 4}$ per call for service. This is estimated using total fire expenditures between FY 2011-12 and FY 2015-16 divided by total calls for service during this period. This includes costs for Administration, Emergency Services, and Training and Safety. Estimated costs are inflated 3\% annually.

APPENDIX 9, ASSUMPTIONS:

1. The development is projected to construct approximately
the year shown above.


| APPENDIX 9 |
| :---: |
| CITY OF SPARKS |
| STREET MAINTENANCE COST PROJECTIONS |







## SOLAEGUI

ENGINEERS
March 12, 2018

# RECENED-CITY OF SPARKS 

MAR 122018
COMMUNITY SERVICES
ADMINISTRATIOM
Karen Melby, AICP
City of Sparks
Community Services Planning Division
431 Prater Way
Sparks, Nevada 89431
RE: The Quarry (NDOT Pre-Permit No. 207543-18)

## Dear Karen:

This letter addendum is in response to comments submitted to you by the Nevada Department of Transportation in a letter dated February 22, 2018 regarding the above captioned traffic study. A copy of the letter is attached. The comments generally focus on 1) determining the dwelling unit threshold that would maintain LOS E operation at the Pyramid Highway/Sparks Boulevard/ Highland Ranch Parkway intersection without capacity improvements and 2) providing intersection capacity improvement recommendations necessary to maintain LOS E operation for buildout of the full 1,800 single family dwelling units proposed for the development.

In response to comment 1 , a total of 650 dwelling units can be constructed while maintaining LOS E operation at the Pyramid Highway/Sparks Boulevard/Highland Ranch Parkway intersection. The AM and PM peak hour capacity analysis worksheets are attached.

In response to comment 2 , the improvements discussed in the original traffic study will provide LOS E or better operation at the Pyramid Highway/Sparks Boulevard/Highland Ranch Parkway intersection with the construction of 1,800 dwelling units. These improvements include dual left turn lanes, two through lanes, and one free right turn lane at the east and west approaches and dual left turn lanes at the south approach. The AM and PM peak hour capacity analysis worksheets are attached.

We trust that this information will meet your requirements. Please call if you have any questions or comments.

Enclosures


Letters/Sparks/The Quarry Addendum

# state of nevada <br> DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 

District II
310 Galletti Way
Sparks, Nevada 89431
(775) 834-8300 FAX (775) 834-8319

February 22, 2018
RUDY MALFABON, P.E, Director
BRIAN SANDOVAL
Governor

City of Sparks
Department of Planning/Comm. Devlop.
1675 E Prater Way \#107
DA18-0001/AX16-0003/
MPA17-00005/RZ17-0006
Sparks, NV 89434
Jackling Aggregates, LLC/QK, LLC
The Quarry Development
Attention: Ms. Karen Melby, Planner

Dear Ms. Melby:

The Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT), District II has reviewed the following administrative review requests:
(1) DA17-0001 - A request for a Development Agreement between the City of Sparks and Jackling Aggregates, LLC and QK, LLC; and
(2) AX16-0003-A request for voluntary annexation into the City of Sparks. Upon annexation the parcel shall convert from Washoe County Designation GR (General Rural) to City of Sparks A40 (Agriculture); and
(3) MPA 17-0005-A request to change the land use designations from Open Space (OS), Commercial (C) and Employment Center (EC) to Intermediate Density Residential (IDR) and Commercial (C); and
(4) RZ17-0006 - A request to rezone the site from A40 (Agriculture) to SR 6 (Single Family Residential $-6,000$ square feet lots) and C2 (General Commercial) zoning.

The Quarry Development traffic impact study was provided by the applicant to support the proposed requests. The Quarry Development is proposed to be annexed into the City of Sparks. The project is located northwest of Highland Ranch Parkway and Pyramid Highway (State Route 445) intersection.
$>$ The project is proposed to contain 1,223 single-family detached homes and a 13 -acre mini storage facility. The Kiley Ranch land use assumptions consist of two convenience stores with gas pumps, three fast-food restaurants totaling 10,500 square feet, 30,000 square feet of retail buildings and two automotive service buildings totaling 16,000 square feet, a 4 -bay car wash and 8 acres of additional mini-storage.
> The Quarry land use will generate approximately 10,974 daily trips, 900 a.m. and 1,046 p.m. peak hour trips. Based on the land use assumptions used in the study, the Kiley Ranch development will generate 15,936 daily trips, 1,003 a.m. and 1,092 p.m. peak hour trips.

Page | 1
$>$ NDOT officially report Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) just north of Highland Ranch Parkway is 36,000 vehicles per day.
$>$ The City's adopted level of service (LOS) standard for Pyramid Highway is a LOS E (arterial with moderate access control).
$>$ NDOT reviewed the traffic impact study submitted on October 10, 2017. A technical review was completed on October 16, 2017 addressing concerns with the technical analyses and the project regional impacts.

## NDOT District II has the following comments, specifically for the MPA 17-000- map amendment

 request:1. The Quarry Development is classified as a project of regional significance as defined by NRS 278.0265 . (d)(6) and should be evaluated to determine if the project impacts any current programmed significant projects.
2. Based on the submitted traffic impact study, NDOT is requesting an addendum. The study revision should include proposed project phasing and its direct traffic impact to the level of service (LOS) at the intersection of Pyramid Highway and Highland Ranch Parkway.
$>$ On page 17 through 20 of the traffic study, the LOS for the intersection degrades from an existing LOS D to a LOS F (existing plus project). No traffic failure threshold is presented in the report.
$>$ The addendum should denote the threshold (number of units) that may trigger the LOS F condition to the intersection.
$>$ For the intersection, please provide recommendations for capacity improvement necessary to maintain LOS E.
3. The Quarry Development constitutes a new community development not previously account in the RTC Long Range Transportation Plan. The project should provide short term intersection improvements that will mitigate its traffic impact at the Pyramid Highway and Highland Ranch Parkway intersection.
$>$ NDOT does not have any capacity projects anticipated at this location in the near future. Additionally, the RTC Washoe Long Range Transportation Plan does not appear to have any programmed improvement for this intersection until the year 2027+.
> The project should provide the necessary 10-year improvements that will maintain LOS E for the intersection.

Other comments specific to the future development/ permitting process:
4. An occupancy permit is required for facilities within the NDOT Right-of-Way. Please see the Terms and Conditions Relating to Right of Way Occupancy Permits booklet available online at nevadadot.com. Contact the Permit Office at (775) 834-8330 for more information regarding an occupancy permit.
5. The applicant is encouraged to coordinate with the NDOT District Permit Office early for any required standards occupancy permit. NDOT's permit processing time may vary based on project complexity; however, the processing time is approximately 45 working days. This does not include any revision time needed to make necessary changes in the design.

Page | 2
$>$ An effective strategy to minimize delay is taking advantage of the District Permit Office's pre-permit process. Preliminary plans and associated engineering documents may be submitted in advance for NDOT review and comment. This service does not require a processing fee. Please contact the Permit Coordinator, Paula Diem, at (775) 834-8330 for any questions or comments regarding the pre-permit process.
6. For any non-permanent activities or temporary traffic control such as placement of cones, static signs, and portable electronic signs within NDOT right-of-way will require a temporary permit. Please submit temporary permit applications at least 4 weeks prior to the scheduled activity or work. Contact the Permit Office, (775) 834-8300 for more information.
7. The state defers to municipal government for land use development decisions. Public involvement for project related improvements within the NDOT right-of-way should be considered during the municipal land use development public involvement process. Significant public improvements within the NDOT right-of-way developed after the municipal land use development public involvement process may require additional public involvement. It is the responsibility of the permit applicant to perform such additional public involvement. We would encourage such public involvement to be part of a municipal land use development process.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this community development proposal. NDOT reserves the right to incorporate further changes and/or comments as the design review advances. I look forward to working with you and your team, and completing a successful project. If you have any further questions or comments, please contact the Senior Traffic Engineer, Richard Oujevolk, at (775)8348300.

Sincerely,


02/23/2018
Thor A. Dyson, PE

## District Engineer

TAD:rmo
cc: Joe Pulled, Engineering Services Richard Oujevolk, Traffic Office Paula Diem, Permit Office NDOT Planning NDOT Engineering NDOT Traffic Ops
 RTC Washoe Karen Melby, City of Sparks File


| Timer Results | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assigned Phase | 7 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Case Number | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 |
| Phase Duration, $s$ | 21.0 | 33.0 | 10.0 | 22.0 | 19.0 | 55.0 | 22.0 | 58.0 |
| Change Period, $(Y+R c)$,s | 0.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 |
| Max Allow Headway $(M A H), s$ | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 |
| Queue Clearance Time $\left(g_{s}\right), s$ | 21.8 | 30.0 | 2.8 | 13.9 | 13.5 |  | 19.0 |  |
| Green Extension Time $\left(g_{e}\right), s$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
| Phase Call Probability | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |
| Max Out Probability | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 0.94 |  |

Movement Group Results
Approach Movement
Assigned Movement
Adjusted Flow Rate ( $v$ ), veh/h
Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate ( $s$ ), veh////ln
Queue Service Time ( $g s$ ), s
Cycle Queue Clearance Time ( $g_{c}$ ), s
Green Ratio ( $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{C}$ )
Capacity (c), veh/h
Volume-to-Capacity Ratio ( $X$ )
Back of Queue ( $Q$ ), fthn ( 95 th percentile)
Back of Queue ( $Q$ ), veh/ln ( 95 th percentile)
Queue Storage Ratio ( $R Q$ ) ( 95 th percentile)
Uniform Delay ( $d$ t), s/veh
Incremental Delay ( $d / 2$ ), siveh
Initial Queue Delay ( $d_{3}$ ), s/veh
Control Delay ( $d$ ), s/veh
Level of Service (LOS)
Approach Delay, s/veh / LOS
Intersection Delay, s/veh / LOS

| EB |  |  | WB |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | T | R | L | T | R |  |
| 7 | 4 | 14 | 3 | 8 |  |  |
| 297 | 550 |  | 25 | 193 |  |  |
| 1781 | 1712 |  | 1730 | 1870 |  |  |
| 19.8 | 28.0 |  | 0.8 | 11.9 |  |  |
| 19.8 | 28.0 |  | 0.8 | 11.9 |  |  |
| 0.18 | 0.23 |  | 0.04 | 0.14 |  |  |
| 312 | 399 |  | 144 | 265 |  |  |
| 0.952 | 1.377 |  | 0.173 | 0.730 |  |  |
| 447.8 | 1234 |  | 16.5 | 255.7 |  |  |
|  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17.6 | 48.6 |  | 0.7 | 10.1 |  |  |
| 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |
| 49.0 | 46.0 |  | 55.5 | 49.3 |  |  |
| 37.9 | 184.8 |  | 0.2 | 8.6 |  |  |
| 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |
| 86.9 | 230.8 |  | 55.7 | 57.9 |  |  |
| F | F |  | E | E |  |  |
| 180.4 |  | F | 57.7 |  | E |  |

69.5

| NB |  |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | T | R | L | T | R |  |
| 5 | 2 | 12 | 1 | 6 | 16 |  |
| 174 | 559 | 20 | 511 | 1396 | 373 |  |
| 1781 | 1781 | 1556 | 1730 | 1781 | 1538 |  |
| 11.5 | 13.0 | 0.9 | 17.0 | 43.2 | 21.4 |  |
| 11.5 | 13.0 | 0.9 | 17.0 | 43.2 | 21.4 |  |
| 0.12 | 0.42 | 0.42 | 0.18 | 0.44 | 0.44 |  |
| 208 | 1484 | 648 | 634 | 1573 | 679 |  |
| 0.837 | 0.377 | 0.030 | 0.806 | 0.887 | 0.549 |  |
| 263.3 | 229.3 | 14.7 | 306.6 | 647.7 | 314 |  |
| 10.4 | 9.0 | 0.6 | 12.1 | 25.5 | 12.4 |  |
| 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| 51.9 | 24.2 | 20.7 | 47.0 | 30.8 | 24.7 |  |
| 23.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 3.2 |  |
| 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| 75.4 | 24.9 | 20.8 | 53.9 | 38.6 | 27.9 |  |
| E | C | C | D | D | C |  |
| 36.5 |  | D | 40.3 | D |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Multimodal Results
Pedestrian LOS Score / LOS
Bicycle LOS Score / LOS

| NB |  | SB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.35 | B | 1.95 | B |
| 1.11 | A | 2.37 | B |

HCS7 nalized Intersection Results Su nary


| Timer Results | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assigned Phase | 7 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Case Number | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 |
| Phase Duration, $\mathbf{s}$ | 26.0 | 41.0 | 11.0 | 26.0 | 27.0 | 61.0 | 17.0 | 51.0 |
| Change Period, $\left(Y+R_{c}\right), \mathrm{s}$ | 0.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Max Allow Headway $(M A H), \mathrm{s}$ | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 |
| Queue Clearance Time $(\mathrm{g} s), \mathrm{s}$ | 28.0 | 38.0 | 3.3 | 23.0 | 29.0 |  | 12.1 |  |
| Green Extension Time $\left(g_{\mathrm{e}}\right), \mathrm{s}$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Phase Call Probability | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |
| Max Out Probability | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |


| Movement Group Results | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Approach Movement | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Assigned Movement | 7 | 4 | 14 | 3 | 8 |  | 5 | 2 | 12 | 1 | 6 | 16 |
| Adjusted Flow Rate ( v ), veh/h | 387 | 499 |  | 35 | 375 |  | 398 | 1440 | 22 | 274 | 725 | 197 |
| Adjusted Satüration Flow Rate ( $s$ ), veh/h//n | 1781 | 1745 |  | 1730 | 1870 |  | 1781 | 1781 | 1557 | 1730 | 1781 | 1534 |
| Queue Service Time ( $g_{s}$ ), s | 26.0 | 36.0 |  | 1.3 | 21.0 |  | 27.0 | 50.2 | 1.0 | 10.1 | 21.5 | 12.4 |
| Cycle Queue Clearance Time ( $g_{c}$ ), s | 26:0 | 36.0 |  | 1.3 | 21.0 |  | 27.0 | 50.2 | 1.0 | 10.1 | 21.5 | 12.4 |
| Green Ratio ( g/C ) | 0.20 | 0.28 |  | 0.05 | 0.16 |  | 0.21 | 0.43 | 0.43 | 0.09 | 0.35 | 0.35 |
| Capacity (c), veh/h | 356 | 483 |  | 160 | 302 |  | 370 | 1534 | 671 | 319 | 1260 | 543 |
| Volume-to-Capacity Ratio ( $X$ ) | 1.086 | 1.032 |  | 0.218 | 1.241 |  | 1.075 | 0.939 | 0.032 | 0.858 | 0.575 | 0.362 |
| Back of Queue (Q), fllln ( 95 th percentile) | 684.2 | 770.1 |  | 25.1 | 793.8 |  | 675.9 | 772.9 | 17.4 | 224.7 | 357.3 | 207.7 |
| Back of Queue (Q), veh/ln (95 th percentile) | 26.9 | 30.3 |  | 1.0 | 31.3 |  | 26.6 | 30.4 | 0.7 | 8.8 | 14.1 | 8.2 |
| Queue Storage:Ratio ( $R Q$ ) (95 th percentile) | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Uniform Delay ( $d_{1}$ ), s/veh | 52.0 | 47.0 |  | 59.7 | 54.5 |  | 51.5 | 35.4 | 21.4 | 58.2 | 34.1 | 31.1 |
| Incremental Delay (dz). s/veh | 72.7 | 49.5 |  | 0.3 | 133.5 |  | 68.3 | 12.4 | 0.1 | 19.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Initial Queue Delay ( $d_{3}$ ), s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Control Delay (d), s/veh | 124.7 | 96.5 |  | 60.0 | 188.0 |  | 119.8 | 47.8 | 21.4 | 77.5 | 36.0 | 33.0 |
| Level of Service (LOS) | F | F |  | E | F |  | F | D | C | E | D | C |
| Approach Delay, s/veh/LOS | 108. |  | F | 177 |  | F | 62.9 |  | E | 45.0 |  | D |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh / LOS | 78.1 |  |  |  |  |  | E |  |  |  |  |  |


| Multimodal Results | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pedestrian LOS Score/LOS | 2.45 | B | 2.66 | C | 2.85 | C | 2.00 | B |
| Bicycle LOS Score/LOS | 1.95 | B | 0.45 | A | 2.02 | B | 1.47 | A |



| Timer Results | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assigned Phase | 7 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Case Number | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 |
| Phase Duration, $s$ | 20.0 | 29.0 | 15.0 | 24.0 | 21.0 | 52.0 | 24.0 | 55.0 |
| Change Period, $(\gamma+R c), \mathrm{s}$ | 0.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 |
| Max Allow Headway $(M A H), s$ | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 |
| Queue Clearance Time $\left(g_{s}\right), \mathrm{s}$ | 14.9 | 16.5 | 2.8 | 9.6 | 10.9 |  | 18.6 |  |
| Green Extension Time $\left(g_{\mathrm{e}}\right), \mathrm{s}$ | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 |
| Phase Call Probability | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |
| Max Out Probability | 0.21 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.10 |  | 0.17 |  |


| Movement Group Results | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Approach Movement | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Assigned Movement | 7 | 4 |  | 3 | 8 |  | 5 | 2 | 12 | 1 | 6 | 16 |
| Adjusted Flow Rate ( v ), veh/h | 396 | 468 |  | 25 | 249 |  | 273 | 559 | 20 | 511 | 1396 | 407 |
| Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate ( $s$ ), veh/h/n | 1730 | 1781 |  | 1730 | 1781 |  | 1730 | 1781 | 1556 | 1730 | 1781 | 1556 |
| Queue Service Time ( $g_{s}$ ), s | 12.9 | 14.5 |  | 0.8 | 7.6 |  | 8.9 | 13.6 | 0.9 | 16.6 | 45.1 | 24.8 |
| Cycle Queue Clearance Time ( $g_{c}$ ), s | 12.9 | 14.5 |  | 0.8 | 7.6 |  | 8.9 | 13.6 | 0.9 | 16.6 | 45.1 | 24.8 |
| Green Ratio ( $g / C$ ) | 0.17 | 0.20 |  | 0.08 | 0.16 |  | 0.13 | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.20 | 0.42 | 0.42 |
| Capacity (c), veh/h | 577 | 712 |  | 288 | 564 |  | 461 | 1395 | 609 | 692 | 1484 | 648 |
| Volume-to-Capacity Ratio ( $X$ ) | 0.686 | 0.658 |  | 0.087 | 0.441 |  | 0.592 | 0.401 | 0.032 | 0.738 | 0.941 | 0.627 |
| Back of Queue ( $Q$ ), ff/ln ( 95 th percentile) | 245.4 | 272.2 |  | 15.6 | 150.4 |  | 172.5 | 239.4 | 15.5 | 292.6 | 705.2 | 363.6 |
| Back of Queue ( $Q$ ), veh/lin ( 95 th percentile) | 9.7 | 10.7 |  | 0.6 | 5.9 |  | 6.8 | 9.4 | 0.6 | 11.5 | 27.8 | 14.3 |
| Queue Storage Ratio ( $R Q$ ) ( 95 th percentile) | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Uniform Delay ( $d_{1}$ ), s/veh | 47.0 | 44.2 |  | 50.8 | 45.7 |  | 48.9 | 26.3 | 22.5 | 45.1 | 33.6 | 27.6 |
| Incremental Delay ( $d_{2}$ ), s/veh | 2.8 | 1.8 |  | 0.0 | 0.2 |  | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 3.7 | 12.9 | 4.5 |
| Initial Queue Delay ( $d_{3}$ ), s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Control Delay (d), s/veh | 49.9 | 46.0 |  | 50.8 | 45.9 |  | 50.3 | 27.2 | 22.6 | 48.7 | 46.5 | 32.2 |
| Level of Service (LOS) | D | D |  | D | D |  | D | C | C | D | D | C |
| Approach Delay, s/veh/LOS | 47.8 |  | D | 46.4 |  | D | 34.5 |  | C | 44.5 |  | D |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh / LOS | 43.3 |  |  |  |  |  | D |  |  |  |  |  |


| Multimodal Results | EB |  | WB |  |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pedestrian LOS Score / LOS | 2.60 | C | 2.74 | C | 2.51 | C | 2.47 | B |  |
| Bicycle LOS Score/LOS | 1.18 | A | 0.67 | A | 1.19 | A | 2.40 | B |  |

HCS7! nalized Intersection Results Su ary


| Timer Results | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assigned Phase | 7 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Case Number | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 |
| Phase Duration, $s$ | 24.0 | 40.0 | 11.0 | 27.0 | 34.0 | 59.0 | 20.0 | 45.0 |
| Change Period $(Y+R \cdot), s$ | 0.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Max Allow Headway $(M A H), s$ | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 |
| Queue Clearance Time $\left(g_{s}\right), s$ | 17.4 | 14.4 | 3.3 | 20.5 | 24.6 |  | 11.9 |  |
| Green Extension Time $\left(g_{e}\right), \mathrm{s}$ | 0.7 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Phase Call Probability | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |
| Max Out Probability | 0.08 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.02 |  | 0.83 |  |


| Movement Group Results | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Approach Movement | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Assigned Movement | 7 | 4 |  | 3 | 8 |  | 5 | 2 | 12 | 1 | 6 | 16 |
| Adjusted Flow Rate ( v ), veh/h | 439 | 411 |  | 35 | 521 |  | 660 | 1440 | 22 | 274 | 725 | 263 |
| Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate ( $s$ ), veh/h/h | 1730 | 1781 |  | 1730 | 1781 |  | 1730 | 1781 | 1556 | 1730 | 1781 | 1553 |
| Queue Service Time ( $g_{s}$ ), s | 15.4 | 12.4 |  | 1.3 | 18.5 |  | 22.6 | 51.6 | 1.1 | 9.9 | 23.0 | 18.4 |
| Cycle Queue Clearance Time ( $g_{c}$ ), s | 15.4 | 12.4 |  | 1.3 | 18.5 |  | 22.6 | 51.6 | 1.1 | 9.9 | 23.0 | 18.4 |
| Green Ratio ( $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{C}$ ) | 0.18 | 0.27 |  | 0.05 | 0.17 |  | 0.26 | 0.42 | 0.42 | 0.12 | 0.31 | 0.31 |
| Capacity (c), veh/h | 639 | 959 |  | 160 | 603 |  | 905 | 1479 | 646 | 399 | 1096 | 478 |
| Volume-to-Capacity Ratio ( $X$ ) | 0.688 | 0.429 |  | 0.218 | 0.864 |  | 0.729 | 0.974 | 0.034 | 0.686 | 0.662 | 0.551 |
| Back of Queue (Q). ftlln (95 th percentile) | 282.9 | 234.6 |  | 25.1 | 355.2 |  | 371.6 | 823.8 | 18 | 198.3 | 386.5 | 296.3 |
| Back of Queue ( $Q$ ), veh/ln ( 95 th percentile) | 11.1 | 9.2 |  | 1.0 | 14.0 |  | 14.6 | 32.4 | 0.7 | 7.8 | 15.2 | 11.7 |
| Queue Storage Ratio ( $R Q$ ) (95 th percentile) | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Uniform Delay ( $d 1$ ), s/veh | 49.5 | 39.2 |  | 59.7 | 52.5 |  | 43.8 | 37.3 | 22.5 | 55.2 | 39.1 | 37.5 |
| Incremental Delay ( $d_{2}$ ), s/veh | 2.6 | 0.1 |  | 0.3 | 11.9 |  | 2.6 | 17.9 | 0.1 | 4.1 | 3.1 | 4.5 |
| Initial Queue Delay ( $d_{3}$ ), s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Control Delay (d), s/veh | 52.1 | 39.4 |  | 60.0 | 64.4 |  | 46.4 | 55.2 | 22.6 | 59.3 | 42.3 | 42.0 |
| Level of Service (LOS) | D | D |  | E | E |  | D | E | C | E | D | D |
| Approach Delay, s/veh/LOS | 45.9 |  | D | 64.2 |  | E | 52.1 |  | D | 45.9 |  | D |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh / LOS | 50.8 |  |  |  |  |  | D |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multimodal Results | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| Pedestrian LOS Score / LOS | 2.59 |  | C | 2.69 |  | C | 3.00 | NB | C | 2.48 |  | B |
| Bicycle LOS Score / LOS | 1.17 |  | A | 59 |  | A | 2.24 |  | B | 1.53 |  | B |

# THE QUARRY TRAFFIC STUDY 

SEPTEMBER, 2017



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## THE QUARRY

## TRAFFIC STUDY

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Quarry will be located in the City of Sparks, Nevada. The project site is located north of Highland Ranch Parkway and west of Pyramid Highway. This study also includes analysis of Kiley Ranch land uses located west of Pyramid Highway between Highland Ranch Parkway and Lazy 5 Parkway. The purpose of this study is to address the project's impact upon the adjacent street network. The Highland Ranch Parkway/Pyramid Highway, Highland Ranch Parkway/Project Access, and Highland Ranch Parkway/Frontage Road intersections have been identified for AM and PM peak hour capacity analysis for the existing, existing plus project, existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch, 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios. The Pyramid Highway intersections with Los Altos Parkway and Lazy 5 Parkway have been identified for trip distribution and assignment analysis only. Pyramid Highway and Highland Ranch Parkway in the vicinity of the site have been identifies for roadway capacity analysis for the 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios.

The Quarry will include the construction of 1,223 single family detached homes and a 13 acre ministorage facility. The Kiley Ranch land uses will consist of two convenience stores with gas pumps for a total of 8,000 square feet, three fast food restaurants with drive-through lanes totaling 10,500 square feet, two sit-down restaurants totaling 10,000 square feet, 30,000 square feet of retail buildings, two automotive service buildings totaling 16,000 square feet, a car wash with 4 bays, and an 8 acre mini-storage facility. The Quarry is anticipated to generate 10,974 average weekday trips with 900 trips occurring during the AM peak hour and 1,046 trips occurring during the PM peak hour. Kiley Ranch is anticipated to generate 15,936 average weekday trips with 1,003 trips occurring during the AM peak hour and 1,092 trips occurring during the PM peak hour.

Traffic generated by The Quarry will have some impact the adjacent street network. The following recommendations are made to mitigate project traffic impacts.

It is recommended that any required signing, striping or traffic control improvements comply with City of Sparks and Nevada Department of Transportation requirements.

It is recommended that Highland Ranch Parkway be widened to four lanes from Pyramid Highway to the Project Access.

It is recommended that the Pyramid Highway/Highland Ranch Parkway/Sparks Boulevard intersection be improved to include dual left turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right tum lane at the east and west approaches and dual left turn lanes at the south approach. The dual left turn pocket at the west approach should contain 545 feet of storage/deceleration length and the dual left turn pocket at the south approach should contain 740 feet of storage/deceleration length.

It is recommended that the Highland Ranch Parkway/Project Access intersection be improved as three-leg traffic signal controlled intersection with one left turn lane and one through lane at the west approach, one through lane and one right turn lane at the east approach, and dual left turn lanes and one right turn lane at the north approach. The left turn pocket at the west approach should contain 370 feet of storage/deceleration length and the dual left turn pocket at the north approach should contain 365 feet of storage/deceleration length.

## INTRODUCTION

## STUDY AREA

The Quarry will be located in the City of Sparks, Nevada. The project site is located north of Highland Ranch Parkway and west of Pyramid Highway. Figure 1 shows the location of the project site. This study also includes analysis of Kiley Ranch land uses located west of Pyramid Highway between Highland Ranch Parkway and Lazy 5 Parkway. The purpose of this study is to address the project's impact upon the adjacent street network. The Highland Ranch Parkway/Pyramid Highway, Highland Ranch Parkway/Project Access, and Highland Ranch Parkway/Frontage Road intersections have been identified for AM and PM peak hour capacity analysis for the existing, existing plus project, existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch, 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios. The Pyramid Highway intersections with Los Altos Parkway and Lazy 5 Parkway have been identified for trip distribution and assignment analysis only. Pyramid Highway and Highland Ranch Parkway in the vicinity of the site have been identified for roadway capacity analysis for the 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios.

## EXISTING AND PROPOSED LAND USES

The project site encompasses an old gravel pit and undeveloped land. Adjacent properties generally include undeveloped land with some scattered dwelling units to the north and west. The Quarry will include the construction of 1,223 single family homes and a 13 acre mini-storage facility. The Kiley Ranch land uses will consist of two convenience stores with gas pumps totaling 8,000 square feet, three fast food restaurants with drive-through lanes totaling 10,500 square feet, two sit-down restaurants totaling 10,000 square feet, 30,000 square feet of retail buildings, two automotive service buildings totaling 16,000 square feet, a 4 -bay car wash, and an 8 acre mini-storage facility.

## EXISTING AND PROPOSED ROADWAYS AND INTERSECTIONS

Pyramid Highway is a four-lane roadway with two through lanes in each direction in the vicinity of the site. The speed limit is posted for 55 miles per hour in the vicinity of the site. Roadway improvements include bicycle lanes, striped edge lines, and paved shoulders on both sides of the roadway. A striped centerline exists south of Highland Ranch Parkway and a raised center median exists north of Highland Ranch Parkway.

Highland Ranch Parkway is a two-lane roadway with one through lane in each direction west of Pyramid Highway. The speed limit is posted for 45 miles per hour with a 35 mile per hour advisory speed limit near the project site. Roadway improvements include striped edge and center lines and paved and graded shoulders.

Sparks Boulevard is a four-lane roadway with two through lanes in each direction east of Pyramid Highway. The speed limit is posted for 40 miles per hour. Roadway improvements include curb, gutter, sidewalk, and bike lanes on both sides of the street and a raised center median with left turn pockets at major intersections.


THE QUARRY
VICINITY MAP
FIGURE 1

The Pyramid Highway/Highland Ranch Parkway/Sparks Boulevard intersection is a signalized fourleg intersection with protected phasing for all left turn movements. The north approach contains dual left turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right turn lane. The south approach contains one left turn lane, two through lanes, and one right turn lane. The east approach contains dual left turn lanes, one through lane, and one free right turn lane with a northbound acceleration lane. The west approach contains one left turn lane and one shared through-right turn lane with a southbound acceleration lane. Pedestrian crosswalks exist at all approaches.

The Highland Ranch Parkway/Project Access intersection is an unsignalized three-leg intersection with stop control at the north approach. The intersection contains one shared left turn-through lane at the west approach, one shared through-right turn lane at the east approach, and one shared left turn-right turn lane at the north approach. The north approach served a gravel pit but is now gated.

The Highland Ranch Parkway/Frontage Road intersection does not currently exist but is anticipated to be a typical three-leg intersection with full turning movements allowed. The Highland Ranch Parkway/Frontage Road intersection will provide access to Kiley Ranch.

## TRIP GENERATION

In order to assess the magnitude of traffic impacts of the proposed project on the key intersections, trip generation rates and peak hours had to be determined. Trip generation rates were obtained from the Ninth Edition of ITE Trip Generation (2012). Trip generation was calculated for the peak hours occurring between 7:00 and 9:00 AM and 4:00 and 6:00 PM which correspond to the peak hours of adjacent street traffic. The Quarry will include the construction of 1,223 single family homes and 13 acres of mini-storage. ITE Land Uses 151: Mini-Warehouse and 210: Single Family Detached Housing was used to calculate trips generated by The Quarry. Table 1 shows a summary of the average daily traffic (ADT) volumes and peak hour volumes generated by The Quarry.

| TABLE 1 <br> THE QUARRY TRIP GENERATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LAND USE | ADT | AM PEAK HOUR |  |  | PM PEAK HOUR |  |  |
|  |  | IN | OUT | TOTAL | IN | OUT | TOTAL |
| Single Family (1,223 DU) | 10,513 | 217 | 649 | 866 | 630 | 370 | 1,000 |
| Mini-Warehouse (13 AC) | 461 | $\underline{15}$ | $\underline{19}$ | 34 | $\underline{23}$ | $\underline{23}$ | 46 |
| Total | 10,974 | 232 | 668 | 900 | 653 | 393 | 1,046 |

Kiley Ranch will consist of two convenience stores with gas pumps for a total of 8,000 square feet, three fast food restaurants with drive-through lanes totaling 10,500 square feet, two sit-down restaurants totaling 10,000 square feet, 30,000 square feet of retail buildings, two automotive service buildings totaling 16,000 square feet, a car wash with 4 bays, and an 8 acre mini-storage facility. ITE Land Uses 151: Mini-Warehouse, 820: Shopping Center, 843: Automobile Parts Sales, 848: Tire Store, 853: Convenience Market with Gasoline Pumps, 932: High-Turnover (Sit-Down) Restaurant, 934: Fast Food Restaurant with Drive-Thru, and 947: Self-Service Car Wash were used to calculate trips generated by Kiley Ranch.

Table 2 shows a summary of the average daily traffic (ADT) volumes and AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes generated by Kiley Ranch.

| TABLE 2 <br> KILEY RANCH TRIP GENERATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LAND USE | ADT | AM PEAK HOUR |  |  | PM PEAK HOUR |  |  |
|  |  | IN | OUT | TOTAL | IN | OUT | TOTAL |
| Convenience Market w/Gas ( $8,000 \mathrm{SF}$ ) | 6,765 | 164 | 163 | 327 | 204 | 203 | 407 |
| Fast Food w/Drive-Thru (10,500 SF) | 5,209 | 243 | 234 | 477 | 178 | 165 | 343 |
| Sit-Down Restaurant ( $10,000 \mathrm{SF}$ ) | 1,272 | 59 | 49 | 108 | 59 | 40 | 99 |
| Shopping Center ( $30,000 \mathrm{SF}$ ) | 1,281 | 18 | 11 | 29 | 53 | 58 | 111 |
| Auto Parts Sales ( $8,000 \mathrm{SF}$ ) | 495 | 9 | 9 | 18 | 24 | 24 | 48 |
| Tire Store ( $8,000 \mathrm{SF}$ ) | 199 | 14 | 9 | 23 | 14 | 19 | 33 |
| Car Wash (4 Bays) | 432 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 22 |
| Mini-Storage (8 AC) | 283 | 9 | 12 | $\underline{21}$ | 15 | 14 | $\underline{29}$ |
| Total | 15,936 | 516 | 487 | 1,003 | 558 | 534 | 1,092 |

## TRIP DISTRIBUTION AND ASSIGNMENT

The distribution of project trips to the key intersections was estimated based on existing and future peak hour traffic patterns and the locations of attractions and productions in the area. Separate trip distribution schemes were developed for The Quarry and Kiley Ranch. The trip generation volumes were subsequently assigned to the key intersections based on the trip distribution. Figure 2 shows the trip distribution and assignment for The Quarry. Figure 3 shows the trip distribution and assignment for Kiley Ranch. Access to Kiley Ranch will be provided from Highland Ranch Parkway and Lazy 5 Parkway via the Frontage Road and from Pyramid Highway via two right-in/right-out only driveways.

## EXISTING AND PROJECTED TRAFFIC VOLUMES

Figure 4 shows the existing traffic volumes at the key intersections during the AM and PM peak hours. The existing traffic volumes were obtained from weekday counts conducted in September of 2017. Figure 5 shows the existing plus project traffic volumes during the AM and PM peak hours. Figure 6 shows the existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes at the key intersections. Figure 7 shows the 2035 base traffic volumes. The 2035 base average daily traffic volumes were obtained directly from RTC's traffic forecasting model and the peak hour volumes were then estimated based on the average daily traffic volumes. Peak hour factors and directional splits obtained from actual hourly traffic data on Pyramid Highway, Sparks Boulevard, and Highland Ranch Parkway were applied to the average daily traffic volumes in order to obtain peak hour directional link volumes at each leg of the intersection. Peak hour intersection turning movements were then estimated based on manually balancing entering and departing volumes at the intersection. Figure 8 shows the 2035 base plus project traffic volumes at the key intersections during the AM and PM peak hours. Figure 9 shows the 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes at the key intersections during the AM and PM peak hours.

## SOLAEGUI ENGINEERS LTD.

## LEGEND

- AM PEAK HOUR
(-) PM PEAK HOUR
[-] AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC


THE QUARRY


THE QUARRY
LEGEND

- AM PEAK HOUR
$(-)$ PM PEAK HOUR



## THE QUARRY

LEGEND
( AM PEAK HOUR
$(-)$ PM PEAK HOUR


THE QUARRY
EXISTING + PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES FIGURE 5
$\frac{\text { LEGEND }}{\text { - AM PEAK HOUR }}$


THE QUARRY
EXISTING + PROJECT + KILEY RANCH TRAFFIC VOLUMES FIGURE 6

LEGEND

- AM PEAK HOUR
(-) PM PEAK HOUR
[-] AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC


THE QUARRY
2035 BASE TRAFFIC VOLUMES
FIGURE 7

| LEGEND |
| :--- |
| - AM PEAK HOUR |
| $(-)$ PM PEAK HOUR |
| [-] AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC |



THE QUARRY

LEGEND

- AM PEAK HOUR
(-) PM PEAK HOUR
[-] AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC


THE QUARRY
2035 BASE + PROJECT + KILEY RANCH VOLUMES FIGURE 9

## ROADWAY CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Pyramid Highway and Highland Ranch Parkway in the vicinity of the site were identified for roadway capacity analysis. Roadway capacity is based on average daily level of service thresholds established by the Regional Transportation Commission. The 2040 Regional Transportation Plan indicates that LOS standards used for assessing the need for street and highway improvements at a planning level are LOS D for all regional roadway facilities projected to carry less than 27,000 ADT and LOS E for all regional roadway facilities projected to carry 27,000 or more ADT. The LOS standard is LOS D for Highland Ranch Parkway and LOS E for Pyramid Highway based on the 2035 base traffic volumes. The 2040 Regional Transportation Plan indicates that Pyramid Highway is classified as an arterial with high access control and Highland Ranch Parkway is classified as an arterial with moderate access control. Table 3 shows the average daily level of service thresholds for high and moderate access control arterials.

| TABLE 3 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA FOR ROADWAY SEGMENTS |  |  |  |  |
| FACILITY/LANES | AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC VOLUME |  |  |  |
|  | LOS C | LOS D | LOS E | LOS F |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 Lanes | $\leq 36,100$ | $36,101-38,400$ | $38,401-40,600$ | $>40,600$ |
| 6 Lanes | $\leq 54,700$ | $54,701-57,600$ | $57,61-60,900$ | $>60,900$ |
| 8 Lanes | $\leq 73,200$ | $73,201-76,800$ | $76,801-81,300$ | $>81,300$ |
| Arterial with Moderate Access Control |  |  |  |  |
| 2 Lanes | $\leq 14,800$ | $14,801-17,500$ | $17,501-18,600$ | $>18,600$ |
| 4 Lanes | $\leq 32,200$ | $32,201-35,200$ | $35,201-36,900$ | $>36,900$ |
| 6 Lanes | $\leq 49,600$ | $49,601-52,900$ | $52,901-55,400$ | $>55,400$ |

Pyramid Highway and Highland Ranch Parkway were subsequently reviewed for capacity based on the 2035 average daily traffic volumes presented on Figures 7-9 and the level of service thresholds presented above. Table 4 shows a summary of the roadway segment level of service results for the 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes.

| TABLE 4 <br> ROADWAY SEGMENT LEVEL OF SERVICE RESULTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ROADWAY SEGMENT | 2035 BASE |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2035 \text { BASE } \\ & + \text { PROJECT } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2035 BASE } \\ + \text { + PROJECT } \\ + \text { KILEY } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | ADT | LOS | ADT | LOS | ADT | LOS |
| Pyramid Highway north of Highland Ranch |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-Lane High Access Control Arterial (Existing) | 70,570 | F | 72,220 | F | 74,810 | F |
| 6-Lane High Access Control Arterial | 70,570 | F | 72,220 | F | 74,810 | F |
| 8 -Lane High Access Control Arterial (Needed) | 70,570 | C | 72,220 | C | 74,810 | D |


| TABLE 4 (CONTINUED) <br> ROADWAY SEGMENT LEVEL OF SERVICE RESULTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ROADWAY SEGMENT | 2035 BASE |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2035 BASE } \\ & + \text { PROJECT } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2035 BASE } \\ \text { + PROJECT } \\ + \text { KILEY } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | ADT | LOS | ADT | LOS | ADT | LOS |
| Pyramid Highway south of Highland Ranch 4-Lane High Access Control Arterial (Existing) 6-Lane High Access Control Arterial 8-Lane High Access Control Arterial (Needed) | $\begin{aligned} & 63,780 \\ & 63,780 \\ & 63,780 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F} \\ & \mathrm{~F} \\ & \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68,720 \\ & 68,720 \\ & 68,720 \end{aligned}$ | F F C | $\begin{aligned} & 70,880 \\ & 70,880 \\ & 70,800 \end{aligned}$ | F F C |
| Highland Ranch between Pyramid and Frontage Road 2-Lane Moderate Access Control Arterial (Existing) 4-Lane Moderate Access Control Arterial (Needed) | 9,090 | C | $\begin{aligned} & 18,410 \\ & 18,410 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,310 \\ & 22,310 \end{aligned}$ | F |
| Highland Ranch between Frontage Road \& Project Access 2-Lane Moderate Access Control Arterial (Existing) <br> 4-Lane Moderate Access Control Arterial (Needed) | 9,090 | C | $\begin{aligned} & 18,410 \\ & 18,410 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,850 \\ & 18,850 \end{aligned}$ | F |
| Highland Ranch west of Project Access <br> 2-Lane Moderate Access Control Arterial (Existing) | 9,090 | C | 10,740 | C | 11,180 | C |

As shown in Table 4, the existing four-lane segment of Pyramid Highway north and south of Highland Ranch Parkway operates at LOS F for the 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes. This roadway segment will need to be widened to eight lanes in order to maintain policy LOS E or better operation based on the high access control arterial level of service thresholds. However, RTC's 2040 Regional Transportation Plan indicates that the US-395 Connector is planned to be constructed to Pyramid Highway in the 2027-2040 timeframe. The Pyramid Highway/US-395 Connection Project indicates that a six-lane "high speed" high access control arterial is the preferred alternative for the Pyramid Highway/US395 Connector north and south of Sparks Boulevard. Capacity thresholds for a high speed high access control arterial are not available but it is anticipated that the proposed six-lane section for this new roadway will provide LOS E or better operation for the 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios.

The existing two-lane segment of Highland Ranch Parkway from Pyramid Highway to the Project Access operates at LOS C for the 2035 base traffic volumes, LOS E for the 2035 base plus project traffic volumes, and LOS F for the 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes and the existing two-lane segment west of the Project Access operates at LOS C for the 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes. This segment of Highland Ranch Parkway will therefore need to be widened to four lanes in order to maintain policy LOS D or better operation for the 2035 base plus project and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios. No capacity improvements are planned for Highland Ranch Parkway in RTC's 2040 Regional Transportation Plan. It is recommended that Highland Ranch Parkway be widened to four lanes from Pyramid Highway to the Project Access in order to serve project traffic volumes.

## INTERSECTION CAPACITY ANALYSIS

The key intersections were analyzed for capacity based on procedures presented in the Highway Capacity Manual ( 6 th Edition), prepared by the Transportation Research Board, for unsignalized and signalized intersections using the latest version of the Highway Capacity Software.

The result of capacity analysis is a level of service (LOS) rating for each signalized intersection, roundabout, all-way stop controlled intersection, or minor movement at a two-way stop controlled intersection. Level of service is a qualitative measure of traffic operating conditions where a letter grade " $A$ " through " $F$ ", corresponding to progressively worsening traffic operation, is assigned to the intersection or minor movement.

The Highway Capacity Manual defines level of service for two-way stop controlled intersections in terms of computed or measured control delay for each minor movement. Level of service is not defined for the two-way stop controlled intersection as a whole but is assigned to all-way stop controlled intersections and roundabouts. The level of service criteria for unsignalized intersections is shown in Table 5.

| TABLE 5 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA FOR UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS |  |
| LEVEL OF SERVICE | DELAY RANGE (SEC/VEH) |
| A | $\leq 10$ |
| B | $>10$ and $\leq 15$ |
| C | $>15$ and $\leq 25$ |
| D | $>25$ and $\leq 35$ |
| E | $>35$ and $\leq 50$ |
| F | $>50$ |

Level of service for signalized intersections is stated in terms of the average control delay per vehicle for a peak 15 minute analysis period. The level of service criteria for signalized intersections is shown in Table 6.

| TABLE 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| LEVEL OF SERVICE CRITERIA FOR SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS |  |
| LEVEL OF SERVICE | CONTROL DELAY PER VEHICLE (SEC) |
| A | $\leq 10$ |
| B | $>10$ and $\leq 20$ |
| C | $>20$ and $\leq 35$ |
| D | $>35$ and $\leq 55$ |
| E | $>55$ and $\leq 80$ |
| F | $>80$ |

Table 7 shows a summary of the level of service and delay results for the existing, existing plus project, existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch, 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios. The capacity worksheets are included in the Appendix.

| TABLE 7 <br> INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE AND DELAY RESULTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INTERSECTION | EXISTING |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EXISTING } \\ & + \text { PROJECT } \end{aligned}$ |  | EXISTING + PROJECT + KILEY <br> + KILEY |  | 2035 BASE |  | $\begin{gathered} 2035 \text { BASE + } \\ \text { PROJECT } \end{gathered}$ |  | 2035 BASE + PROJECT + KILEY |  |
|  | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM | AM | PM |
| Pyramid/Highland Ranch Signal w/Exist. Lanes | D40 | D54 | F136 | F137 | F165 | F189 | F193 | F327 | F321 | F359 | F349 | F376 |
| Signal w/Added Lanes | N/A | N/A | D43 | D49 | D46 | D50 | C34 | D52 | D38 | E58 | D42 | E66 |
| Interchange w/Signal NB Ramps | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | B16 | C21 | B17 | C22.0 | B17 | C24 |
| SB Ramps | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | C23 | B19 | C23 | B19 | C23 | B20 |
| Highland Ranch/Access Signal | N/A | N/A | C23 | B19 | C24 | B20 | N/A | N/A | B18 | B19 | B18 | B1 |
| Highland Ranch/Frontage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stop at North Leg |  |  |  |  | B11 | B13 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | A9 | B12 |
| EB Left | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | F353 | F999 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | F61 | F392 |
| SB Left | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | B12 | B14 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | B10 | B13 |

## Pyramid Highway/Highland Ranch Parkway/Sparks Boulevard Intersection

The Pyramid Highway/Highland Ranch Parkway/Sparks Boulevard intersection was initially analyzed as a signalized four-leg intersection with the existing approach lanes for all scenarios. The intersection currently operates at LOS D with a delay of 40 seconds per vehicle during the AM peak hour and 54 seconds per vehicle during the PM peak hour. For the existing plus project traffic volumes the intersection operates at LOS F with a delay of 136 seconds per vehicle during the AM peak hour and 137 seconds per vehicle during the PM peak hour. For the existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes the intersection operates at LOS F with a delay of 165 seconds per vehicle during the AM peak hour and 189 seconds per vehicle during the PM peak hour. The intersection will continue to operate at LOS F with high delays for the 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes.

The signalized Pyramid Highway/Highland Ranch Parkway/Sparks Boulevard intersection was subsequently re-analyzed for capacity with additional approach lanes. For the existing plus project and existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes the intersection operates at LOS D during the AM and PM peak hours with dual left turn lanes, two through lanes, and one free right turn lane at the east and west approaches and dual left turn lanes at the south approach. For the 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes the intersection operates at LOS E or better during the AM and PM peak hours with dual left turn lanes, four through lanes, and one right turn lane at the north and south approaches and dual left turn lanes, two through lanes, and one free right turn lane at the east and west approaches.

Four through lanes at the north and south Pyramid Highway approaches is consistent with the roadway capacity results that require an eight-lane high access control arterial for all 2035 scenarios. However, as previously discussed, the Pyramid Highway/US-395 Connection Project indicates that a six-lane "high speed" high access control arterial is the preferred alternative for the Pyramid Highway/US-395 Connector north and south of Sparks Boulevard. The Pyramid Highway/US-395 Connection Project and RTC's 2040 Regional Transportation Plan also indicate that a gradeseparated interchange is planned for construction at the Pyramid Highway/Highland Ranch Parkway/Sparks Boulevard intersection in the 2027-2040 timeframe. The Pyramid Highway/ Highland Ranch Parkway/Sparks Boulevard intersection therefore re-analyzed for capacity as two separate signalized ramp intersections. The northbound and southbound ramp intersections operate at LOS C or better during the AM and PM peak hours for the 2035 base, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios. The northbound ramp intersection was analyzed with dual left turn lanes and two through lanes at the west approach, two through lanes and one right turn lane the east approach, and dual left turn lanes and one right turn lane at the south approach. The southbound ramp intersection was analyzed with dual left turn lanes and two through lanes at the east approach, two through lanes and one right turn lane the west approach, and dual left turn lanes and one right turn lane at the north approach.

Storage and deceleration requirements were reviewed for the needed dual left turn lanes at the west and south approaches based on the existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes. 325 feet of storage length is required for each left turn lane at the west approach and 375 feet is required for each left turn lane at the south approach based on the Poisson method for signalized intersections with a 95th percentile confidence level and 130 second cycle length. For desirable conditions 220 feet of deceleration length is needed for the left turn pocket at the west approach based on the 45 mile per hour speed limit on Highland Ranch Parkway and 365 feet of deceleration length is needed for the left turn pocket at the south approach based on the 55 mile per hour speed limit on Pyramid Highway.

It is recommended that the Pyramid Highway/Highland Ranch Parkway/Sparks Boulevard intersection be improved to include dual left turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right turn lane at the east and west approaches and dual left turn lanes at the south approach in order to serve project buildout traffic volumes. The dual left turn pocket at the west approach should contain 545 feet of storage/deceleration length and the dual left turn pocket at the south approach should contain 740 feet of storage/deceleration length.

## Highland Ranch Parkway/Project Access Intersection

The Highland Ranch Parkway/Project Access intersection was analyzed as a signalized three-leg intersection for the existing plus project, existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch, 2035 base plus project, and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios. The intersection meets traffic signal warrant 3 per the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). For the existing plus project traffic volumes the intersection operates at LOS C during the AM peak hour and LOS B during the AM Peak hour. For the existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes the intersection continues to operate at LOS C during the AM peak hour and LOS B during the AM peak hour with slight increases in delay.

For the 2035 base plus project traffic volumes the intersection operates at LOS B during the AM and PM peak hours. For the 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes the intersection continues to operate at LOS B during the AM and PM peak hours. The intersection was analyzed with one left turn lane and one through lane at the west approach, one through lane and one right turn lane at the east approach, and dual left turn lanes and one right turn lane at the north approach for all scenarios.

Traffic signal spacing requirements were reviewed for the Highland Ranch Parkway/Project Access intersection. RTC's access management standards indicate that traffic signals on arterials with moderate access control (Highland Ranch Parkway) shall be spaced a minimum of 1,590 feet apart. The centerline spacing on Highland Ranch Parkway between Pyramid Highway and the Project Access is $\pm 1,500$ which very nearly meets the signal spacing standard.

Storage and deceleration requirements were reviewed for the needed left turn lanes at the west and north approaches. Approximately 150 feet of storage length is required for the left turn lane at the west approach and 250 feet is required for each left turn lane at the north approach based on the Poisson method for signalized intersections with a 95 th percentile confidence level and 90 second cycle length. For desirable conditions 220 feet of deceleration length is needed for the left turn pocket at the west approach based on the 45 mile per hour speed limit on Highland Ranch Parkway and 115 feet of deceleration length is needed for the left turn pocket at the north approach based on an assumed speed limit of 35 miles per hour.

It is recommended that the Highland Ranch Parkway/Project Access intersection be improved as three-leg traffic signal controlled intersection with one left turn lane and one through lane at the west approach, one through lane and one right turn lane at the east approach, and dual left turn lanes and one right tum lane at the north approach. The left turn pocket at the west approach should contain 370 feet of storage/deceleration length and the dual left turn pocket at the north approach should contain 365 feet of storage/deceleration length.

## Highland Ranch Parkway/Frontage Road Intersection

The Highland Ranch Parkway/Frontage Road intersection was analyzed as an unsignalized threeleg intersection with stop sign control at the north approach for the existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch and 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch scenarios. For the existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes the southbound left turn movement operates at LOS F during the AM and PM peak hours. For the 2035 base plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes the southbound left turn movement continues to operate at LOS F during the AM and PM peak hours. The intersection was analyzed with one left turn lane and two through lane at the west approach, two through lanes and one right turn lane at the east approach, and one left turn lane and one right turn lane at the north approach for all scenarios. Traffic signal warrant and signal spacing requirements were subsequently reviewed at the intersection. Peak hour traffic signal warrant 3 per the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) is met at the intersection for the existing plus project plus Kiley Ranch traffic volumes. However, the intersection does not meet RTC's 1,590 feet signal spacing requirement. The left turn movements at the intersection may ultimately need to be restricted.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

Traffic generated by The Quarry will have some impact the adjacent street network. The following recommendations are made to mitigate project traffic impacts.

It is recommended that any required signing, striping or traffic control improvements comply with City of Sparks and Nevada Department of Transportation requirements.

It is recommended that Highland Ranch Parkway be widened to four lanes from Pyramid Highway to the Project Access.

It is recommended that the Pyramid Highway/Highland Ranch Parkway/Sparks Boulevard intersection be improved to include dual left turn lanes, two through lanes, and one right turn lane at the east and west approaches and dual left turn lanes at the south approach. The dual left turn pocket at the west approach should contain 545 feet of storage/deceleration length and the dual left turn pocket at the south approach should contain 740 feet of storage/deceleration length.

It is recommended that the Highland Ranch Parkway/Project Access intersection be improved as three-leg traffic signal controlled intersection with one left turn lane and one through lane at the west approach, one through lane and one right turn lane at the east approach, and dual left turn lanes and one right turn lane at the north approach. The left turn pocket at the west approach should contain 370 feet of storage/deceleration length and the dual left turn pocket at the north approach should contain 365 feet of storage/deceleration length.

## APPENDIX

Trip Generation Summary - Alternative 1

| Project: New Project <br> Alternative: Alternative 1 |  |  |  |  |  | Open Date: Analysis Date: |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 13 / 2017 \\ & 9 / 13 / 2017 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| ITE Land Use | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 210 SFHOUSE 1 | 5257 | 5256 | 10513 | 217 | 649 | 866 | 630 | 370 | 1000 |
| 1223 Dwelling Units |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent

| Project: New Project Alternative: Alternative 1 |  |  |  | Open Date: Analysis Date: |  |  |  | 9/14/2017 <br> 9/14/2017 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Tratfic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| ITE Land Use | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 151 MWAREHOUSE 1 | 231 | 230 | 461 | 15 | 19 | 34 | 23 | 23 | 46 |
| 13 Acres |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

[^0]Trip Generation Summary - Alternative 1
Project:
Alternative:
Alternative 1 $\quad$ Open Date: $9 / 19 / 2017$

|  | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITE Land Use | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 853 CONVMARKETGAS 1 | 3383 | 3382 | 6765 | 164 | 163 | 327 | 204 | 203 | 407 |
| 8 Gross Floor Area 1000 SF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 103 | 103 | 206 | 135 | 134 | 269 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | -103 | -103 | -206 | -135 | -134 | -269 |

Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent

## Trip Generation Summary - Alternative 1

Project: New Project
Open Date: 9/19/2017
Alternative: Alternative 1
Analysis Date: 9/19/2017

|  | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITE Land Use | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 934 FASTFOODDT 1 | 2605 | 2604 | 5209 | 243 | 234 | 477 | 178 | 165 | 343 |
| 10.5 Gross Floor Area 1000 SF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 119 | 115 | 234 | 89 | 82 | 171 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | -119 | -115 | -234 | -89 | -82 | -171 |

Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent

Trip Generation Summary - Alternative 1

Project: New Project
Alternative: Alternative 1

Open Date: 9/19/2017
Analysis Date: 9/19/2017

|  | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITE Land Use | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 932 RESTAURANTHT 1 | 636 | 636 | 1272 | 59 | 49 | 108 | 59 | 40 | 99 |
| 10 Gross Floor Area 1000 SF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent

## Trip Generation Summary - Alternative 1

Project: New Project Open Date: 9/19/2017
Alternative: Alternative 1 Analysis Date: 9/19/2017

| ITE Land Use | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 820 CENTERSHOPPING 1 | 641 | 640 | 1281 | 18 | 11 | 29 | 53 | 58 | 111 |
| 30 Gross Leasable Area 1000 SF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent

## Trip Generation Summary - Alternative 1

Project: New Project
Alternative: Alternative 1
Open Date: 9/19/2017
Analysis Date: 9/19/2017

|  | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITE Land Use | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 843 SALESAUTOPARTS 1 | 248 | 247 | 495 | 9 | 9 | 18 | 24 | 24 | 48 |
| 8 Gross Floor Area 1000 SF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent

## Trip Generation Summary - Alternative 1

| Project: New Project <br> Alternative: Alternative 1 |  |  |  |  |  | Open Date: Analysis Date: |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 / 19 / 2017 \\ & 9 / 19 / 2017 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| ITE Land Use | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 848 STORETIRE 1 | 100 | 99 | 199 | 14 | 9 | 23 | 14 | 19 | 33 |
| 8 Gross Floor Area 1000 SF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent

Trip Generation Summary - Alternative 1

| Project: New Project <br> Alternative: Alternative 1 |  |  |  |  |  | Open Date: 9/19/2017 <br> Analysis Date: 9/19/2017 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| ITE Land Use | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 947 CARWASH 1 | 216 | 216 | 432 |  |  |  | 11 | 11 | 22 |
| 4 Wash Stalis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent

## Trip Generation Summary - Alternative 1

| Project: New Project <br> Alternative: Alternative 1 |  |  |  |  |  | Open Date: Analysis Date: |  | 9/19/2017 <br> 9/19/2017 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average Daily Trips |  |  | AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  | PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic |  |  |
| ITE Land Use | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total | Enter | Exit | Total |
| 151 MWAREHOUSE 1 | 142 | 141 | 283 | 9 | 12 | 21 | 15 | 14 | 29 |
| 8 Acres |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted Volume | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Internal Capture Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pass-By Trips | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Volume Added to Adjacent Streets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent


HCS7 Sis.ralized Intersection Results Summı. y


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| Timer Results | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assigned Phase | 7 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Case Number | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 |
| Phase Duration, $\mathbf{s}$ | 22.0 | 21.0 | 23.0 | 22.0 | 27.0 | 69.0 | 17.0 | 59.0 |
| Change Period, $(Y+R c), \mathbf{s}$ | 0.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Max Allow Headway $(M A H), \mathbf{s}$ | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 |
| Queue Clearance Time $(g s), \mathbf{s}$ | 16.5 | 18.0 | 13.3 | 16.3 | 12.0 |  | 14.0 |  |
| Green Extension Time $\left(g_{e}\right), \mathbf{s}$ | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Phase Call Probability | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |
| Max Out Probability | 0.10 | 1.00 | 0.19 | 1.00 | 0.00 |  | 1.00 |  |


| Movement Group Results | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Approach Movement | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Assigned Movement | 7 | 4 | 14 | 3 | 8 |  | 5 | 2 | 12 | 1 | 6 | 16 |
| Adjusted Flow Rate ( v ), veh/h | 211 | 237 |  | 316 | 211 |  | 158 | 3632 | 211 | 526 | 1789 | 89 |
| Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate ( $s$ ), veh/h/n | 1781 | 1743 |  | 1730 | 1870 |  | 1781 | 1781 | 1558 | 1730 | 1781 | 1537 |
| Queue Service Time ( $g_{s}$ ), s | 14.5 | 16.0 |  | 11.3 | 14.3 |  | 10.0 | 64.0 | 10.3 | 12.0 | 54.0 | 4.7 |
| Cycle Queue Clearance Time ( $g$ c), $s$ | 14.5 | 16.0 |  | 11.3 | 14.3 |  | 10.0 | 64.0 | 10.3 | 12.0 | 54.0 | 4.7 |
| Green Ratio ( $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{C}$ ) | 0.17 | 0.12 |  | 0.14 | 0.13 |  | 0.21 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 0.09 | 0.42 | 0.42 |
| Capacity ( 0 ), veh/h | 301 | 214 |  | 479 | 245 |  | 370 | 1753 | 767 | 319 | 1479 | 638 |
| Volume-to-Capacity Ratio ( $X$ ) | 0.698 | 1.104 |  | 0.659 | 0.861 |  | 0.427 | 2.071 | 0.275 | 1.648 | 1.210 | 0.140 |
| Back of Queue ( Q ), ft/ln ( 95 th percentile) | 285 | 484.1 |  | 218.8 | 329.4 |  | 195.4 | $\begin{gathered} 5829 . \\ 9 \end{gathered}$ | 168 | 757.9 | 1533.8 | 78 |
| Back of Queue ( $Q$ ), veh/lin (95 th percentile) | 11.2 | 19.1 |  | 8.6 | 13.0 |  | 7.7 | 229.5 | 6.6 | 29.8 | 60.4 | 3.1 |
| Queue Storage Ratio ( $R Q$ ) ( 95 th percentile) | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Uniform Delay ( $d_{1}$ ), s/veh | 50.9 | 57.0 |  | 53.1 | 55.3 |  | 44.8 | 33.0 | 19.4 | 59.0 | 38.0 | 23.6 |
| Incremental Delay ( $d_{2}$ ), s/veh | 5.9 | 92.2 |  | 2.7 | 24.4 |  | 0.3 | 484.1 | 0.9 | 305.4 | 100.9 | 0.5 |
| Initial Queue Delay ( $d_{3}$ ), s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Control Delay ( $d$ ), s/veh | 56.8 | 149.2 |  | 55.8 | 79.7 |  | 45.1 | 517.1 | 20.3 | 364.4 | 138.9 | 24.0 |
| Level of Service (LOS) | E | F |  | E | E |  | D | F | c | F | F | C |
| Approach Delay, s/veh/LOS | 105.7 | 1 | F | 65.3 |  | E | 472.3 |  | F | 184.0 |  | F |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh /LOS | 327.1 |  |  |  |  |  | F |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multimodal Results | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| Pedestrian LOS Score / LOS | 3.0 |  | C | 3.1 |  | C | 3.4 |  | C | 2.3 |  | B |
| Bicycle LOS Score / LOS | 1.2 |  | A | 0.7 |  | A | 3.8 |  | D | 2.5 |  | B |

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| Timer Results | EBL |  | EBT | WBL |  | WBT | NBL |  | NBT | SBL |  | SBT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assigned Phase |  |  | 2 | 1 |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| Case Number |  |  | 7.3 | 2.0 |  | 4.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 9.0 |
| Phase Duration, s |  |  | 25.0 | 20.0 |  | 45.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 25.0 |
| Change Period, $\left(Y+R_{c}\right)$, $s$ |  |  | 5.0 | 5.0 |  | 5.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 5.0 |
| Max Allow Headway ( MAH), s |  |  | 0.0 | 3.1 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 3.2 |
| Queue Clearance Time ( $g s$ ), $s$ |  |  |  | 7.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11.0 |
| Green Extension Time ( $g_{e}$ ), s |  |  | 0.0 | 0,5 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.2 |
| Phase Call Probability |  |  |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |
| Max Out Probability |  |  |  | 0.02 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.04 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement Group Results |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |
| Approach Movement | L | T | R | L | T | R | $L$ | T | R | $L$ | T | R |
| Assigned Movement |  | 2 | 12 | 1 | 6 |  |  |  |  | 7 |  | 14 |
| Adjusted Flow Rate ( $v$ ), veh/h |  | 368 | 105. | 316 | 368 |  |  |  |  | 526 |  | 116 |
| Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate ( $s$ ), veh/h/ln |  | 1781 | 1585 | 1730 | 1781 |  |  |  |  | 1730 |  | 1585 |
| Queue Service Time ( $g s$ ), $s$ |  | 5.8 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 3.5 |  |  |  |  | 9.0 |  | 3.9 |
| Cycle Queue Clearance Time ( $g c$ ), s |  | 5.8 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 3.5 |  |  |  |  | 9.0 |  | 3.9 |
| Green Ratio ( $g / C$ ) |  | 0.29 | 0.29 | 0.21 | 0.57 |  |  |  |  | 0.29 |  | 0.29 |
| Capacity ( $c$ ), veh/h |  | 1017 | 453 | 741 | 2035 |  |  |  |  | 988 |  | 453 |
| Volume-to-Capacity Ratio ( $X$ ) |  | 0.362 | 0.232 | 0.426 | 0.181 |  |  |  |  | 0.533 |  | 0.256 |
| Back of Queue (Q).ft/ln (95 th percentile) |  | 107.5 | 62.4 | 97.3 | 51.4 |  |  |  |  | 154.6 |  | 62.1 |
| Back of Queue (Q), veh/ln ( 95 th percentile) |  | 4.2 | 2.5 | 3.8 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 6.1 |  | 2.4 |
| Queue Storage Ratio ( $R Q$ ) (95 th percentile) |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| Uniform Delay ( $d_{1}$ ), s/veh |  | 19.9 | 19.1 | 23.8 | 7.2 |  |  |  |  | 21.1 |  | 19.3 |
| Incremental Delay ( $\left.d_{2}\right)_{1}$ s/veh |  | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |  |  |  |  | 0.3 |  | 0.1 |
| Initial Queue Delay ( $d_{3}$ ), s/veh |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Control Delay (d), s/veh |  | 20.9 | 20.3 | 23.9 | 7.4 |  |  |  |  | 21.4 |  | 19.4 |
| Level of Service (LOS) |  | C | C | C | A |  |  |  |  | C |  | B |
| Approach Delay, s/veh / LOS | 20.8 |  | C | 16.0 |  | B | 0.0 |  |  | 21.0 |  | C |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh / LOS | 18.7 |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multimodal Results | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| Pedestrian LOS Score / LOS | 2.4 |  | B | 1.9 |  | B | 3.0 |  | C | 2.9 |  | C |
| Bicycle LOS Score / LOS | 0.9 |  | A | 1.1 |  | A |  |  |  |  |  | F |

HCS7 Si:.ralized Intersection Results Summin.y


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HCS7 Siyralized Intersection Results Summary


| Timer Results | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assigned Phase |  | 2 | 1 | 6 |  |  |  | 4 |
| Case Number |  | 7.3 | 2.0 | 4.0 |  |  |  | 9.0 |
| Phase Duration, s |  | 35.0 | 20.0 | 55.0 |  |  |  | 25.0 |
| Change Period, ( $Y+R_{c}$ ), s |  | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5,0 |  |  |  | 5.0 |
| Max Allow Headway (MAH), s |  | 0.0 | 3.1 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 3.2 |
| Queue Clearance Time ( $g_{5}$ ), s |  |  | 7.4 |  |  |  |  | 16.2 |
| Green Extension Time ( $g_{\theta}$ ), s |  | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.9 |
| Phase Call Probability |  |  | 1.00 |  |  |  |  | 1.00 |
| Max Out Probability |  |  | 0.01 |  |  |  |  | 0.76 |


| Movement Group Results | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Approach Movement | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R |
| Assigned Movement |  | 2 | 12 | 1 | 6 |  |  |  |  | 7 |  | 14 |
| Adjusted Flow Rate ( $v$ ), veh/h |  | 687 | 440 | 263 | 545 |  |  |  |  | 663 |  | 142 |
| Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate ( $s$ ), veh/h/ln |  | 1781 | 1585 | 1730 | 1781 |  |  |  |  | 1730 |  | 1585 |
| Queue Service Time ( $g \mathrm{~s}$ ) , s |  | 12.0 | 19.2 | 5.4 | 5.4 |  |  |  |  | 14.2 |  | 5.9 |
| Cycle Queue Clearance Time ( $g_{c}$ ), s |  | 12.0 | 19.2 | 5.4 | 5.4 |  |  |  |  | 14.2 |  | 5.9 |
| Green Ratio ( $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{C}$ ) |  | 0.38 | 0.38 | 0.19 | 0.62 |  |  |  |  | 0.25 |  | 0.25 |
| Capacity (c), veh/h |  | 1335 | 594 | 649 | 2226 |  |  |  |  | 865 |  | 396 |
| Volume-to-Capacity Ratio ( $X$ ) |  | 0.515 | 0.740 | 0.406 | 0.245 |  |  |  |  | 0.767 |  | 0.359 |
| Back of Queue ( $Q$ ), ft/In ( 95 th percentile) |  | 214.8 | 317.6 | 97.9 | 80.2 |  |  |  |  | 254.7 |  | 97.8 |
| Back of Queue (Q), veh/ln ( 95 th percentile) |  | 8.5 | 12.5 | 3.9 | 3.2 |  |  |  |  | 10.0 |  | 3.8 |
| Queue Storage Ratio ( $R Q$ ) ( 95 th percentile) |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| Uniform Delay ( $d_{1}$ ), s/veh |  | 19.4 | 21.6 | 28.6 | 6.6 |  |  |  |  | 27.8 |  | 24.7 |
| Incremental Delay ( $d_{2}$ ), s/veh |  | 1.4 | 8.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |  |  |  |  | 3.8 |  | 0.2 |
| Initial Queue Delay ( $d_{3}$ ), s/veh |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Control Delay ( $d$ ), s/veh |  | 20.8 | 29.7 | 28.7 | 6.9 |  |  |  |  | 31.6 |  | 24.9 |
| Level of Service (LOS) |  | C | C | C | A |  |  |  |  | C |  | C |
| Approach Delay, s/veh / LOS |  |  | C | 14.0 |  | B |  |  |  | 30.4 |  | C |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh / LOS | 23.1 |  |  |  |  |  | C |  |  |  |  |  |


| Multimodal Results | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pedestrian LOS Score / LOS | 2.4 | B | 1.9 | B | 3.0 | C | 2.9 | C |
| Bicycle LOS Score / LOS | 1.4 | A | 1.2 | A |  |  |  | F |

HCS7 Sı. .alized Intersection Results Summm.y


HCS7 Sivalalized Intersection Results Summm.y


HCS7 Sıııalized Intersection Results Summı.у


HCS7 Siyılalized Intersection Results Summay


HCS7 Slyılilized Intersection Results Summary


Intersection Information

| Agency |
| :--- |
| Analyst |
| Jurisdiction |
| Urban Street |
| Intersection |
| Project Description |


| Intersection Information |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Duration, h | 0.25 |
| Area Type | Other |
| PHF | 0.92 |
| Analysis Period | $1>7: 00$ |


| Demand Information |  |  |  | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Approach Movement |  |  |  | 1 | T | R | L | T | R | L | $T$ | R | L | T | R |
| Demand ( $v$ ), veh/h |  |  |  | 98 | 703 |  |  | 643 | 555 |  |  |  | 334 |  | 59 |
| Signal Information |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cycle, s | 85.0 | Reference Phase | 2 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offset, s | 0 | Reference Point | End | Green | 10.0 | 40.0 | 20.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uncoordinated | Yes | Simult. Gap E/W | On | Yellow | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Force Mode | Fixed | Simult. Gap N/S | On | Red | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 3 | -1 | ; |  |


| Timer Results | EBL | EBT | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBT | SBL | SBT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assigned Phase | 5 | 2 |  | 6 |  |  |  | 4 |
| Case Number | 2.0 | 4.0 |  | 7.3 |  |  |  | 9.0 |
| Phase Duration, s | 15.0 | 60.0 |  | 45.0 |  |  |  | 25.0 |
| Change Period, ( $Y+R_{c}$ ), s | 5.0 | 5.0 |  | 5.0 |  |  |  | 5.0 |
| Max Allow Headway ( MAH), s | 3.1 | 3.1 |  | 3.1 |  |  |  | 3.2 |
| Queue Clearance Time ( $g$ s), $s$ | 6.8 | 22.7 |  | 28.8 |  |  |  | 9.6 |
| Green Extension Time ( $g_{e}$ ), $s$ | 0.0 | 4.6 |  | 4.0 |  |  |  | 0.8 |
| Phase Call Probability | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  |  |  | 1.00 |
| Max Out Probability | 0.87 | 0.15 |  | 0.34 |  |  |  | 0.01 |


| Movement Group Results | EB |  |  | WB |  |  | NB |  |  | SB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Approach Movement | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | R | L | T | $R$ |
| Assigned Movement | 5 | 2 |  |  | 6 | 16 |  |  |  | 7 |  | 14 |
| Adjusted Flow Rate ( $v$ ), veh/h | 107 | 764 |  |  | 699 | 495 |  |  |  | 363 |  | 64 |
| Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate ( $s$ ), veh/h/ln | 1781 | 1870 |  |  | 1870 | 1585 |  |  |  | 1730 |  | 1585 |
| Queue Service Time ( $g$ s) , s | 4.8 | 20.7 |  |  | 26.8 | 20.4 |  |  |  | 7.6 |  | 2.7 |
| Cycle Queue Clearance Time ( $g c$ ), s | 4.8 | 20.7 |  |  | 26.8 | 20.4 |  |  |  | 7.6 |  | 2.7 |
| Green Ratio ( $g / C$ ) | 0.12 | 0.65 |  |  | 0.47 | 0.47 |  |  |  | 0.24 |  | 0.24 |
| Capacity ( $c$ ), veh/h | 210 | 1210 |  |  | 880 | 746 |  |  |  | 814 |  | 373 |
| Volume-to-Capacity Ratio ( $X$ ) | 0.508 | 0.631 |  |  | 0.794 | 0.663 |  |  |  | 0.446 |  | 0.172 |
| Back of Queue ( $Q$ ), ft/ln (95 th percentile) | 94 | 289.5 |  |  | 436.7 | 291.8 |  |  |  | 139.3 |  | 46 |
| Back of Queue (Q), veh/ln ( 95 th percentile) | 3.7 | 11.4 |  |  | 17.2 | 11.5 |  |  |  | 5.5 |  | 1.8 |
| Queue Storage Ratio ( $R Q$ ) (95 th percentile) | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 |
| Uniform Delay ( $d_{1}$ ), s/veh | 35.2 | 9.0 |  |  | 19.0 | 17.3 |  |  |  | 27.8 |  | 25.9 |
| Incremental Delay ( $d_{2}$ ), s/veh | 0.8 | 0.8 |  |  | 4.7 | 1.8 |  |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |
| Initial Queue Delay ( $d_{3}$ ), s/veh | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Control Delay ( $d$ ), s/veh | 36.0 | 9.8 |  |  | 23.7 | 19.1 |  |  |  | 27.9 |  | 26.0 |
| Level of Service (LOS) | D | A |  |  | C | B |  |  |  | C |  | C |
| Approach Delay, s/veh / LOS | 13.0 | I | B |  |  | C | 0.0 |  |  | 27.6 |  | C |
| Intersection Delay, s/veh / LOS | 19.7 |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  |


| Multimodal Results | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pedestrian LOS Score /LOS | 0.7 | A | 2.4 | B | 2.9 | C | 2.3 | B |
| Bicycle LOS Score /LOS | 1.9 | B | 2.5 | B |  |  |  | F |

HCS7 Siyııalized Intersection Results Summary


HCS7 Siynalized Intersection Results Summary


HCS7 Sisualized Intersection Results Summary


HCS7 Siynalized Intersection Results Summary




## Vehicle Volumes and Adjustments



## Critical and Follow-up Headways

| Base C Critical Headway (sec) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ceitical Headway (sec) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base Fellow-Up Headway (sec) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Follow-Up Headway (sec) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Delay, Queue Length, and Level of Service





[^0]:    Total AM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent
    Total PM Peak Hour Internal Capture $=0$ Percent

